

DISTRICT DISASTER MANAGEMENT
PLAN

Reasi

2009-10

Jammu & Kashmir

P R E F A C E

Disaster occur with unfailing regularity in India causing immense loss of life, assets and livelihood. In the present executive structure of the country , the district administration is bestowed with the nodal responsibility of implementing a major portion of all disaster management activities .The increasingly shifting paradigm from a reactive response orientation to a proactive prevention mechanism has put the pressure to build a fool proof system, including within its ambit the components of prevention , mitigation, rescue, relief and rehabilitation. Pre-disaster planning is crucial for ensuring an efficient response at the time of a disaster. A well planned and well rehearsed response system can deal with the exigencies of calamities and also put up a resilient coping mechanism. Optimal utilization of scarce resources for rescue, relief and rehabilitation during times of crisis is possible only with detailed planning and preparation.Keeping in view the nodal role of the district administration in disaster management, preparation of District Disaster Management Plan (DDMP) was imperative .The District Disaster Management Plan (DDMP) was prepared after exhaustive sessions of meeting with SDMs , Tehsildars, Head of Department etc and various infrastructure facilities existing in the district and those which are to be augmented have been worked out. Further , it is the effort of the committee to preface a meaningful document so that in case of any exigency it can serve the execution of various functions and duties in a stepwise manner in line of the exigencies and priorities outlined . The draft plan is submitted for kind perusal and necessary directions. Further the plan will be updated on annual basis. I hope this document serves a meaningful purpose in planning for a Disaster free Reasi District (J&K) .

Sd/-
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DISTRICT REASI
JAMMU & KASHMIR

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“Chapter -1”

BACKGROUND/ DISTRICT PROFILE:-

1.1 OVER VIEW OF THE DISTRICT

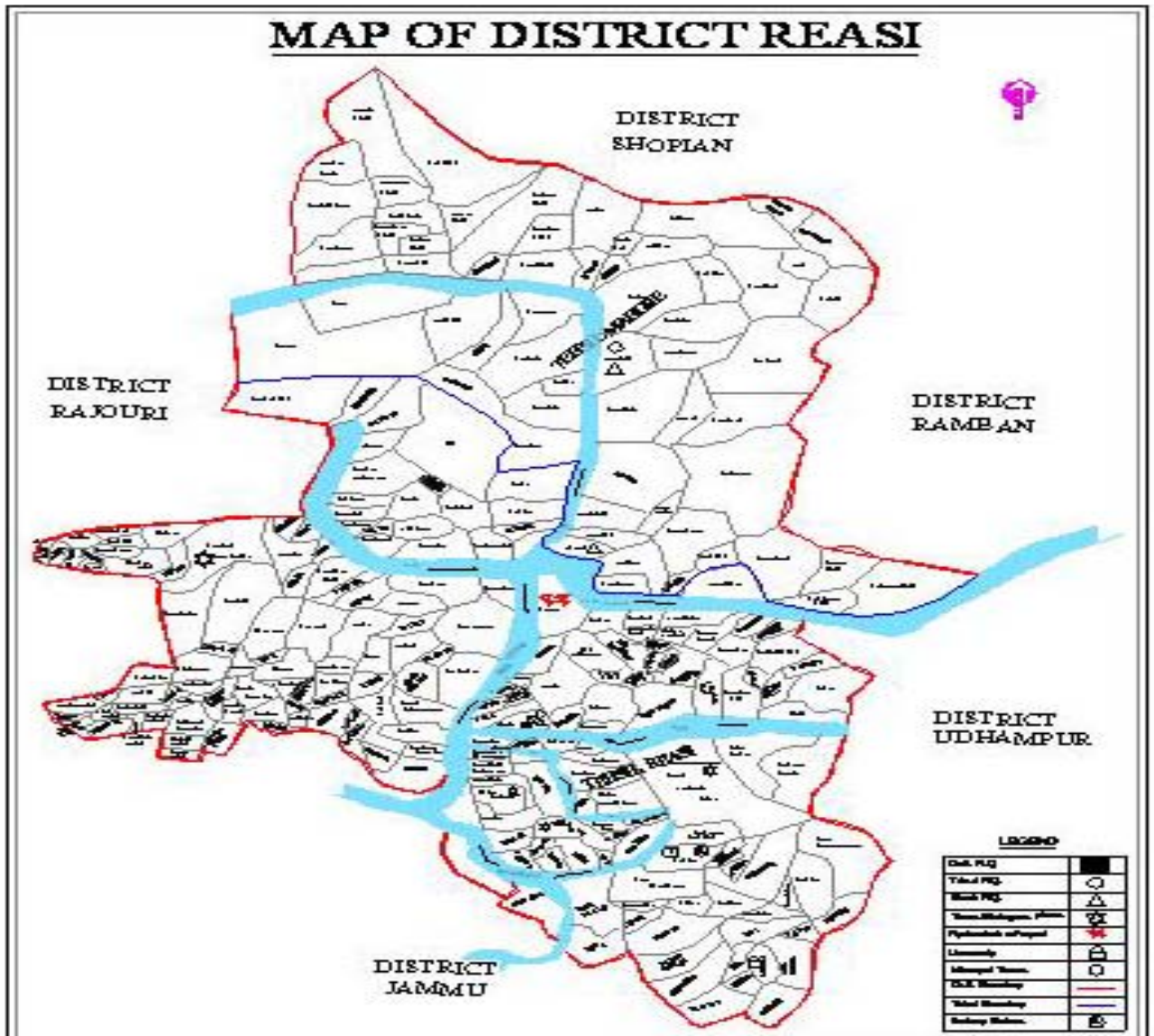
1.1.1 TOPOGRAPHICAL LOCATION

The district lies between 33⁰ 05" N latitude and 74⁰ 50" E longitudes. The district shares its boundaries with Udhampur district in south, Ramban in the East, Shopian of Kashmir in North and Rajouri in West. The district is watershed of the River Chenab and its tributaries (Ans, Rudd, Plassu, Banganga, Pai, Anji).

1.1.2 AREA AND ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION:

Geographical Area	151701 Hect
Number of Blocks	04
Number of Municipality	02
Number of villages	259
Number of Assembly Constituencies	03
Number of MLAs	03
Number of MPs	01
Main Urban Centre and District Headquarter	Reasi
Number of Sub Division	01
Total Area under Cultivation	38783 Hect.
Total area un-cultivation	45420 Hect.
Total Forest Land	67498 Hect.

1.1.3 ADMINISTRATIVE MAP OF REASI DISTRICT



1.1.4 DISTRICT AT A GLANCE

A brief description of the Community and Rural development Blocks of Reasi District is as follows.-

S No.	Block	2001 Population	Male	Female
1	Reasi	78389	41998	36391
2	Pouni	34758	18033	16725
3	Arnas	45514	24164	21350
4	Mahore	89033	47588	41445

Note:- In above Columns the total urban population is not shown & i.e 16056 in which Male Population is 9337 & Female Population is 6713.

1.1.5 DEMOGRAPHY: (According to 2001 census)

- Total Population :- 247694
- Male:- 131783
- Female:-115911
- Density : **163 (person per sq. km)**

1.1.6 SOCIO – ECONOMIC FEATURES:

Reasi is one amongst the Eight, newly created Districts in the State. It is predominantly a hill District, which enjoys variable climatic conditions, ranging from sub-tropical to the semi temperate. The District has a total area of nearly 1700 sq. Km & the population of the District is 2,47,694 (2001 Census) 20% of this is ST & nearly 10 % of is SC population. Presently, the District is divided into two Tehsils - Reasi & Mahore & it has 9 Niabats, which are further divided into 40 Patwar Halqas, which cover 255 Villages & 14 Urban Wards. There are **4 Development Blocks** in the District, with their Head Quarters at Reasi, Pouni, Arnas & Mahore with 147 Panchayat Halquas. Pouni, Arnas, Mahore, Katra, Gulabgarh are some of the important Towns/habitations in the District, which have served as important centers.

The District has a nationally renowned University by the name-Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University at Kakrial (Panthal), a big cancer hospital is also under construction & it is located near the University. The HQ's of Konkan Railway Corporation Ltd (Katar-Loale Section) are also located at Reasi. This is besides the HQ's of the Counter Insurgency Force (U) which are located at Vijaypur, near Reasi Town. A Krishi Vigyaan Kendra is also functioning at Tanda (Dera Baba).

A Navodaya Vidyalaya has also been sanctioned for the District & it will be located at village Kotli Manotrian.

The State of the art railway station at Katra will be completed, within next two years & it will be the terminal point for passenger traveling from different parts of the country & disembarking at Katra. This track will then be extended to Reasi, Kouri, & Surukote & passing through Sangaldeen, it will reach the valley. One of the highlights of this technological wonders is the highest railway arch bridge in the world, spanning 450 mts & it is situated at a height of 380 mts. It will be located near Kouri (Niabat Arnas).

The District is also rich in its flora & has a tremendous potential of Horticulture fruits i.e. Citrus, Quince, Apple, mango, Guava, Apricot etc. produced in different climatic conditions in the District.

The following are the community and Rural Development Blocks in Reasi District

S.No	Block	No. of Panchayats	No. of villages in Panchayats
1.	Reasi	38	90
2.	Pouni	21	69
3.	Arnas	30	52
4.	Mahore	58	43

The primary occupation of the People is Agriculture & allied activities & it is economically an under developed District. Maize, Wheat is the main crops grown in the District, but now farmers have started to diversity in Horticulture & vegetable crops.

Some of the major Roads passing through the District are:

- a) Domail-Katra Road
- b) Reasi-Pouni-Triyath Road.
- c) Reasi-Arnas-Mahore Road.
- d) Buddan-Mahor-Gool Road.
- e) Tikri-Katra Road.
- f) A new road is being constructed by Northern Railways-from Kanthan (Arnas) & passing through Judda, Dhanore, Sawalkote & touching Sangaldan.

Reasi has many a historical place, having culture & religious significance these include:

- a) Shri Mata Vaishno Devi Shrine.
- b) Shri Shiv Khori Shrine.
- c) Shri Bawa Aghar Jitto Ji.
- d) Shri Siarh Baba Ji.
- e) Shri Baba Dhansar Ji.
- f) Sh. Dera Baba Bhandra Bahadur Ji.
- g) Ziarat Baji Ismail Sahib Near Bharakh.

All these places represent our composite culture & form a major Tourist circuit of the Country.

Tehsil Mahore has many scenic & picturesque spots.

1.2 SALIENT PHYSICAL FEATURES AND LAND USE PATTERN:

Reasi District is mostly hilly with deep gorges and ravine. The most important physiographic features of the district are Forests: Forest is under the control of Divisional Forest Officer, Reasi/ Mahore within Reasi District Major area Ranges, Block & comptt. of the Division:

The major risk areas as under:-

S. No	Range	Forest Block	Comptt.	Total Comptts.
1.	Katra	Bhaga Katra Jungle Gali	15 13 14	42
2.	Reasi	Bhamag Reasi Tote	22 5 39	66
3.	Thakrakote	Chinkah Thakrakote Pouni Talwara	20 23 18 6	61
4.	Mahore	Kanthan Banna Budhan Thilloo	- - - -	72
5.	Gulabgarh	Dewal Khore Shergarhi Mahore	- - - -	72

1.3 CLIMATE AND RAINFALL:

On the factors of geographical environment to which man is subject, climate is the one of most factors. It governs agriculture, forests, supply of water, human settlements, industries,

tourism etc. (awaited statistics dept.)

1.4 AGRICULTURE AND CROPPING PATTERN:

Agriculture is the main occupation of the rural people of Reasi. Topography, climate and soil are the main factors affecting agriculture in the District. The main variety of crops of this region can be classified under the following categories:

1. *Food Crops: Rice, wheat, maize, millets and pulses.*
2. *Commercials: Crops: Potato, Ginger, Turmeric, Garlic and vegetables etc*
3. *Horticulture Crops: Apple, citron, mango etc.*

1.4.1 CROP CALENDER

S.No	Crop	Sowing	Harvesting	Peak Marketing
1	2	3	4	5
1	Paddy	July	September	October
2	Maize	June/July	September/October	October
3	Wheat	December	March	April
4	Urad	August	October	October
5	Onion	December	May	April

Source:- Chief Agriculture Officer, Reasi

Year	Rice	Bajra	Maize	Wheat	Barely	Millet	Pulse	Condiments and spice	Fruit and vegetables	Fodder	Oil Seed	Others	Total Food crops
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	--	Yes	Yes	--	Yes	Yes	Yes		

Source:- Chief Agriculture Officer, Reasi

Block-wise Livestock population

Block	Cattle as on 31-03-2008	Buffaloes as on 31-03-2008	Sheep	Goats	Others	Total of Col.No.2&3	Total of Col.No.4&5	Poultry birds
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Reasi	-	-	0.344	0.516	-	-	0.860	-
Pouni	-	-	0.546	0.647	-	-	1.193	-
Arnas	-	-	1.323	0.704	-	-	2.027	-
Mahore	-	-	1.037	0.633	-	-	1.670	-

Source:- Chief Animal Husbandry Officer, Reasi

1.5 RIVERS AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM IN DISTRICT REASI

The District is surrounded by District Udhampur on the eastern District Ramban on northern eastern fringes, District Rajouri on its western & north western ends, District Jammu on its southern ends a part of the District also touches District Shopian on Northern fringes. Tehsil Mahore is predominantly a hilly region, with the upper reaches experiencing a snow fall during the winter. Tehsil Reasi, except for the area on the southern fringes of the District, is also dotted with low lying hills on the Northern side.

One of the major rivers of the country: Chenab flows through the District & it is also a geographical boundary between Tehsil Reasi & Tehsil Mahore. Some of the small rivers/rivulets also flow in the District, which finally merge into Chenab, these are:-

- a) Ans
- b) Rudd
- c) Plassu
- d) Ban Ganga
- e) Pai
- f) Anji

“Chapter 2”

PLAN OBJECTIVES:-

2.1 VISION

Our main vision and aim regarding the accomplishment of this plan is fail proof communication and coordination, authentic and accurate database, documents and rehearsed to be activated in the shortest possible time with minimum simple orders and procedures ensuring active participation by government, Volunteers, Community at all levels, making optimum utilization of men, material and resources leaving no gaps and no overlaps to prevent the loss of property ensuring fastest restoration of the situation and also sustenance of the achievements of the programme even after the programme duration.

2.2 OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of the District Disaster Management Plan are:-

1. To plan and implement risk reduction activities in the district.
2. To have effective disaster preparedness, and effective emergency response for saving of lives.
3. To provide relief and humanitarian assistance.
4. To enable faster recovery through comprehensive reconstruction and rehabilitation.
5. To conduct trainings and capacity building for effective prevention, mitigation and response disasters.
6. To undertake information, education and communication activities to create awareness among the communities and the general public.
7. To Provide effective support and resources to the individuals and groups in Disasters.
8. To prevent loss of human lives and property- Preparedness, Prevention & Mitigation of Disasters.
9. Development converging in addressing Preventive and Mitigation in Disaster Management.
10. To Provide a systematic, organized, flexible and effective approach in dealing with any calamity – natural or man made.
11. To disseminate factual information in an accurate and tactful manner, while

maintaining necessary confidentiality .

12. To give the best possible assistance and assurance while dealing with individuals in disaster and eliciting the least possible disruption to the normal life process.
13. Ensuring optimum and active participation of Government, community. Volunteers, voluntary organizations at all levels making optimal utilization of human and material resources.
14. To facilitate mitigation at all levels.
15. To facilitate and ensure convergence at all levels in the District Training and awareness creation.
16. The Demographic features: The latest census, statistics including male-female population, any vulnerable group present, the percentage of scheduled caste, scheduled tribe, agriculture laborers, landless to be prepared block wise including the density of population (also to be taken into account).
17. Disaster Cycle, Hazard Analysis and History.
18. The occurrence of disasters-periodicity, intensity and the damages to be analyzed.
19. Definition used in the Document and Abbreviation.

2.3 GOAL:

Sustainable reduction in Disaster Risks and Recovery in all nooks and corners of Reasi District with active participation of Local Government and Community.

2.4 RATIONALE:

Disaster Risks Management Programme is a huge programme, which will strengthen all institutions at all levels to minimize the loss of life and property during any disaster in the shortest possible time through optimum preparedness, mitigation and response plan. Hence the rationale of an affective and realistic District Disaster Risk Management Plan was felt. This comprehensive District Disaster Risk Management Plan will strengthen the efforts of the District Administration. This plan was prepared and compiled by the District Disaster Management Committee and this committee is responsible for renewing the plan once in every two years.

“Chapter-3”

HAZARDS, RISK AND VULNERABILITY PROFILE

3.1 DISASTER:

The United Nations defines **Disaster** as “...the occurrence of a sudden or major misfortune which disrupts the basic fabric and normal functioning of a society (Community). It is an event or a series of events which gives rise to casualties and/ or damage or loss of property, infrastructure, essential services or means of livelihood on a scale that is beyond the normal capacity of the affected communities to cope with unaided.

The main features of a disaster are –

- * *Unpredictability*
- * *Unfamiliarity*
- * *Threat*
- * *Speed*
- * *Urgency*
- * *Uncertainty*

3.2 TYPES OF DISASTER:

There are two main types of Disaster namely, Natural and man – made. Based on the source of origin or relativity of a disaster, it can be sub divided into the following types-

- **Water and Climate :-** Eg., Flood, Cyclone, Drought, Tornadoes, Hailstorm, Cloud burst, Heat wave, Cold wave, Thunder and Lightning.
- **Geological: -** E.g., Landslide and Mudflow, Earthquake, Volcano, Dam failure, Mine fire.
- **Chemical, Industrial and Nuclear Hazards or Disasters.**

disturbance																			
Incessant rainfall																			
Hailstorm																			
Militant struck																			
Cloud burst																			

H- Human C- Crop, A- Animal I- Infrastructure

3.6 RISK ASSESSMENT: RISK MAPPING

Type of Hazards	Time of occurrence	Potential Impact	Vulnerable Areas
Snow	Dec.Jan.	Partial impact	Mostly Tehsil Mahore
Landslide	Aug.Sept.	-do-	-do-
Drought	In Case of Low Rainfall	-do-	Whole District
Fire	May, June	Partial Impact	Trikuta hills areas of Tehsil Reasi From (Katra to Reasi)
Epidemic			
Accidents			
Communal disturbance			
Incessant rainfall			
Hailstorm			
Militant struck	--	--	Mostly Tehsil Mahore
Cloud burst			
Lightening			

3.6.1 RISK MAPPING OF TEHSIL REASI

Effectuated area/village	Disaster type	Typical need	QRT	Phone Nos.
Talwara	River flood		1.Naib Tehsildar Reasi	94191-64862
Panassa	-do-		2.Ravinder Singh	9419156875
Bhabber Bharamana	-do-		3. Renu Bala	9858354049
Bhabber Rasyallian	-do-		4.Deepak Kumar	9419882012
			5.Devinder Singh	9797301940
			6. Rakesh Kumar	9419156112
			7. Sat Paul	9469394134
			8.Ashwani Kumar	9858129191

3.6.2 RISK MAPPING OF TEHSIL MAHORE

Effectuated area/village	Disaster type	Typical need	QRT	Phone Nos.
Arnas	Flood	Transportation	1Naib Tehsildar Arnas.	01991-220116
Plassa, Chinkah			2AEE PWD Arnas. 3SHO Arnas. 4Medical Off. Arnas. 5.Sunil Suri JE	
Mahore,	Landslide	JCB	1. Tehsildar Mahore.	01999-222202

Sarh			2. SHO Mahore. 3. AEE PWD Mahore. 4. BMO Mahore	01999-222210
Angralla				01999-222201
Sungri				
Shajroo				

3.7 VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT OF EACH VILLAGE WITH RESPECT TO EVERY TYPE OF DISASTER

S.No	Name of village	Earthquake	Flood	Landslides	Avalanche	Drought
		H/M/L/O	H/M/L/O	H/M/L/O	H/M/L/O	H/M/L/O
1	Attranakote	O	--	--	--	O
2	Chorakote	O	--	--	--	O
3	Harotekote	O	--	--	--	O
4	Kherikote	O	--	--	--	O
5	Samak	O	--	--	--	O
6	Sujandhar	O	--	--	--	O
7	Kotlilajpat	O	--	--	--	O
8	Karonkote	O	--	--	--	O
9	Kothru	O	--	--	--	O
10	Siyalsugar	O	--	--	--	O
11	Ratnote	O	--	--	--	O
12	Tote	O	--	--	--	O
13	Sugalghati	O	--	--	--	O
14	Dangakote	O	--	--	--	O
15	Devigarh	O	--	--	--	O
16	Phogadi	O	--	--	--	O
17	Dharangali	O	--	--	--	O
18	Sarhi	O	--	--	--	O
19	Charalakote	O	--	--	--	O
20	Sarotekote	O	--	--	--	O
21	Samadkhad	O	--	--	--	O
22	Baladha	O	--	--	--	O
23	Sersundwan	O	--	--	--	O
24	Sermeghain	O	--	--	--	O
25	Kansar	O	--	--	--	O
26	Sarangdhar	O	--	--	--	O

27	Lamsora	O	--	--	--	O
28	Bakal	O	--	--	--	O
29	Ghari	O	--	--	--	O
30	Sailanjan	O	--	--	--	O
31	Baldano	O	--	--	--	O
32	Chinkah	O	--	--	--	O
33	Dharan	O	--	--	--	O
34	Kakra	O	--	--	--	O
35	Gabar	O	--	--	--	O
36	Palassa	O	--	--	--	O
37	Thanpal	O	--	--	--	O
38	Nomal	O	--	--	--	O
39	Thub	O	--	--	--	O
40	Ladha	O	--	--	--	O
41	Narkote	O	--	--	--	O
42	Thakikote	O	--	--	--	O
43	Thanole	O	--	--	--	O
44	Jij	O	--	--	--	O
45	Pattain	O	--	--	--	O
46	Prankote	O	--	--	--	O
47	Chakalsalta	O	--	--	--	O
48	Chakalhawala	O	--	--	--	O
49	Metah	O	--	--	--	O
50	Bandhar	O	--	--	--	O
51	Beota	O	--	--	--	O
52	Chandi	O	--	--	--	O
53	Berigala	O	--	--	--	O
54	Gandali	O	--	--	--	O
55	Deloyatte	O	--	--	--	O
56	Kelota	O	--	--	--	O
57	Samart	O	--	--	--	O
58	Thakrakote	O	--	--	--	O
59	Lorcha	O	--	--	--	O
60	Pannasa	O	--	--	--	O
61	Gurha	O	--	--	--	O

62	Mari	O	--	--	--	O
63	Kalar	O	--	--	--	O
64	Kundkhandi	O	--	--	--	O
65	Khada	O	--	--	--	O
66	Khenadi	O	--	--	--	O
67	Majrakund	O	--	--	--	O
68	Khana	O	--	--	--	O
69	Larh	O	--	--	--	O
70	Sungal	O	--	--	--	O
71	Pouni	O	--	--	--	O
72	Puria	O	--	--	--	O
73	Dharone	O	--	--	--	O
74	Jardi	O	--	--	--	O
75	Dhanwa	O	--	--	--	O
76	Saloon	O	--	--	--	O
77	Kothian	O	--	--	--	O
78	Kherlard	O	--	--	--	O
79	Beulain	O	--	--	--	O
80	Sadeen	O	--	--	--	O
81	Gajote	O	--	--	--	O
82	Bharakh	O	--	--	--	O
83	Dheari	O	--	--	--	O
84	Kalakote	O	--	--	--	O
85	Sujanpur	O	--	--	--	O
86	Dheote	O	--	--	--	O
87	Sanaria	O	--	--	--	O
88	Purajagir	O	--	--	--	O
89	Bhembla	O	--	--	--	O
90	Ransoo	O	--	--	--	O
91	Theru	O	--	--	--	O
92	Kotla	O	--	--	--	O
93	Kalah	O	--	--	--	O
94	Allaeh	O	--	--	--	O
95	Sangar	O	--	--	--	O
96	Dub Khalsa	O	--	--	--	O

97	Troole	O	--	--	--	O
98	Bhogate Khalsa	O	--	--	--	O
99	Sadheeri Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
100	Gai Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
101	Gudar Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
102	Khrote Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
103	Sadhotte	O	--	--	--	O
104	Laiter	O	--	--	--	O
105	Reyala Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
106	Bhambla	O	--	--	--	O
107	Magai Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
108	Dudua	O	--	--	--	O
109	Bhagote Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
110	Garan Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
111	Dub Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
112	Kote Jagir	O	--	--	--	O
113	Godar Khalsa	O	--	--	--	O
114	Dherd	O	--	--	--	O
115	Gun	O	--	--	--	O
116	Kheral	O	--	--	--	O
117	Kolsar	O	--	--	--	O
118	Chaiter	O	--	--	--	O
119	Talwara	O	--	--	--	O
120	Nagar	O	--	--	--	O
121	Patta	O	--	--	--	O
122	Jamedi	O	--	--	--	O
123	Jerri	O	--	--	--	O
124	Shahpur	O	--	--	--	O
125	Jadd	O	--	--	--	O
126	Pandal	O	--	--	--	O
127	Kansbrahamana	O	--	--	--	O
128	Kanskhasa	O	--	--	--	O
129	Gungus	O	--	--	--	O
130	Malel	O	--	--	--	O
131	Garan Khalsa	O	--	--	--	O

132	Sool	O	--	--	--	O
133	Kardkayal	O	--	--	--	O
134	Seda	O	--	--	--	O
135	Kotla	O	--	--	--	O
136	Dherti	O	--	--	--	O
137	Dharore	O	--	--	--	O
138	Pamote	O	--	--	--	O
139	Treen Miyari	O	--	--	--	O
140	Kandyar	O	--	--	--	O
141	Chandwa	O	--	--	--	O
142	Neelay	O	--	--	--	O
143	Serli	O	--	--	--	O
144	Padoh	O	--	--	--	O
145	Bhagta	O	--	--	--	O
146	Dadura	O	--	--	--	O
147	Manoon	O	--	--	--	O
148	Kunkanyalana	O	--	--	--	O
149	Panthal	O	--	--	--	O
150	Taleem	O	--	--	--	O
151	Chakbaltha	O	--	--	--	O
152	Anji	O	--	--	--	O
153	Karin	O	--	--	--	O
154	Bhagga	O	--	--	--	O
155	Chamada	O	--	--	--	O
156	Karua	O	--	--	--	O
157	Kotlimanotrain	O	--	--	--	O
158	Parthal	O	--	--	--	O
159	Aghar Jitto	O	--	--	--	O
160	Akhli	O	--	--	--	O
161	Bhutan	O	--	--	--	O
162	Pangoth	O	--	--	--	O
163	Hut	O	--	--	--	O
164	Garan	O	--	--	--	O
165	Phangal	O	--	--	--	O
166	Kotlibajalian	O	--	--	--	O

167	Sarna	O	--	--	--	O
168	Chapanoo	O	--	--	--	O
169	Dera Baba Bandha	O	--	--	--	O
170	Kanjli	O	--	--	--	O
171	Saroon	O	--	--	--	O
172	Tanda	O	--	--	--	O
173	Katra	O	--	--	--	O
174	Purana Daroor	OO	--	--	--	O
175	Arli Hansali	O	--	--	--	O
176	Latoori	O	--	--	--	O
177	Dhanoori	O	--	--	--	O
178	Kundrorian	O	--	--	--	O
179	Dhar Mata Vaishno Devi	O	--	--	--	O
180	Trintha	O	--	--	--	O
181	Mari	O	--	--	--	O
182	Aghar Ballian	O	--	--	--	O
183	Reasi	O	--	--	--	O
184	Seela	O	--	--	--	O
185	Kheyala	O	--	--	--	O
186	Gran	O	--	--	--	O
187	Vijaypur	O	--	--	--	O
188	Namal	O	--	--	--	O
189	Dugalakla	O	--	--	--	O
190	Dugalakhurd	O	--	--	--	O
191	Salal	O	--	--	--	O
192	Bidda	O	--	--	--	O
193	Dhasanu	O	--	--	--	O
194	Shuketer	O	--	--	--	O
195	Bhabber Rasayallian	O	--	--	--	O
196	Panassa	O	--	--	--	O
197	Bhabber Bhramana	O	--	--	--	O
198	Mansoo	O	--	--	--	O
199	Kundra	O	---	---	---	O

200	Chasotte	--	--	--	--	O
201	Larh	--	--	M	0	O
202	Bhadar	--	--	M	0	O
203	Sarh	--	--	M	0	O
204	Tukson	--	--	--	O	O
205	Dewal	--	--	--	O	O
206	Adbase	--	--	--	O	O
207	Shibras	--	--	--	O	O
208	Neoch	--	--	--	O	O
209	Shadole	--	--	--	O	O
210	Baransal	--	--	--	O	O
211	Gulabgarh	--	--	--	O	O
212	Khour	--	--	--	O	O
213	Lar	--	--	--	O	O
214	Mahore	--	--	M	O	O
215	Bathoie	--	--	--	O	O
216	Thuroo	--	--	--	O	O
217	Matlote	--	--	M	O	O
218	Budhan	--	--	M	O	O
219	Chaklas	---	--	--	O	O
220	Shildhar	--	--	--	O	O
221	Shajroo	--	--	M	O	O
222	Mulas	--	--	--	O	O
223	Jamslan	--	--	M	O	O
224	Kenthi	--	--	--	O	O
225	Thiloo	--	--	--	O	O
226	Bernali	--	--	--	O	O
227	Majrakund	--	--	--	O	O
228	Kunderdan	--	--	M	O	O
229	Chassana	--	--	M	O	O
230	Homoshan	--	--	--	O	O
231	Sanglikote	--	--	--	O	O
232	Shergarhi	--	--	--	O	O
233	Thalkote	--	--	--	O	O
234	Chandyalkote	--	--	--	O	O

235	Mamankote	--	--	--	O	O
236	Tulli	--	--	--	O	O
237	Banna	--	--	--	O	O
238	Hasote	---	--	--	O	O
239	Dandakote	--	--	--	O	O
240	Bagankote	--	--	--	O	O
241	Malikote	--	--	--	O	O
242	Nandkote	--	--	--	O	O
243	Sarsote	--	--	--	O	O
244	Shikari	--	--	--	O	O
245	Channa	--	--	--	O	O
246	Neoshi	--	--	--	O	O
247	Dubri	--	--	--	O	O
248	Judda	--	--	--	O	O
249	Dhansal	--	--	--	O	O
250	Dugga	--	--	--	O	O
251	Dhrote	--	--	--	O	O
252	Dhanour	--	--	--	O	O
253	Khanikote	--	--	--	O	O
254	Sawalkote	--	--	--	O	O
255	Sarthalakote	--	--	--	O	O
256	Kanthan	--	--	--	O	O
257	Hunder	---	--	--	O	O
258	Challad	--	--	--	O	O
259	Arnas	--	--	--	O	O

3.7.1 VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS

Infra-structure	Vulnerability against each hazard						
	Flood	Snow Tsunami	Earthquake	Landslide	Fire	Communal distribution	Any other
	Area Name	Area Name	Area Name	Area Name	Area Name	Area Name	Area Name
Road network							
Water supply							
Hospital	PHC Arnas & PHC Pouni	CHC Mahore	District Hospital	CHC Mahore	CHC Katra & DH Reasi	-	-
Sewage							
Communication	BSNL	BSNL	BSNL	BSNL	BSNL	BSNL	BSNL
Bridges	Kanthan Bridge						
Shelters	All Govt Buildings/ Schools of Arnas, Chinkah, Talwara, Bhabber	--	--	--	--	--	--

Natural calamities, like cloud bursts , flash floods , heavy rains , earthquake , snowfalls, hails storms, drought and accident etc. cause lot of miseries to the people. The District has often been victim of natural calamities causing severe damage to life and property. To mitigate such miseries and sufferings relief in cash and kind is provided to the sufferers and rescue operations are provided on considerable scale. Besides this repair and restoration works are taken on priority. To cope up with the situations, the control rooms are set up at District Level, sub Division and Tehsil headquarters which work under the control of the relief and rescue committee headed by the Deputy Commissioner, Sub Divisional Magistrate and Tehsildars at their respective levels. The relief and rescue operations are taken up at war footing level and communication network between various Government / Voluntary agencies is strengthened vertically and horizontally to tackle the situations effectively.

The following immediate rescue and relief measures are taken under the Disaster Management Plan depending upon the extent of damage caused by natural calamities.

- i. Immediate supply of foodstuffs, fuel, clothing, blankets, tents and cash etc.
- ii. Cash relief/ex-gratia grant to affected families.
- iii. Schemes are sanctioned for repair/restoration of public as well as private properties
- iv. Medical assistance is given to the needy and injured persons.
- v. Quick Reaction Team constituted in District Headquarters as well as in Sub Divisional headquarters to provide additional support and the site .

3.7.2 SNOW

During winter season when snowfall takes place, some of the parts especially falling within the region of high altitude remain cut off from the other parts of area. Owing to snowfall when normal life of the people of such area gets cut off from the other parts of the district/state the Government is committed to maintain the essential supplies of food grains at the first instance. Similarly, medical facilities are also one of the essential services. The supply of essential commodities is maintained through a network of public distribution system in the area and adequate quantity of food grains is stored in the godowns located at almost all Sub- Division/Tehsil/Sub Tehsil level. The storage work is undertaken well before the setting in of the winter season and the supplies from these stores are also made well in advance i.e. prior to the occurrence. Efforts to clear the roads are always made on war footing but sometimes the lack of infrastructural facilities is experienced.

3.7.3 FLASH FLOOD BURST AND HIGH VELOCITY WIND

Heavy rains and floods cause damages to cultivated land of the farmers and wash away the bridges, human beings and cattle heads. The flash floods sometime hit the inhabited area so harshly that the administration has to swing into action for commencing rescue and relief operation for which ration, shelter, cloth and utensils etc are immediately needed. For the restoration of fields of the farmers distress loans are provided and the land revenue is remitted but the allocation under distress loans is always meager to meet out the demand of the affected people.

3.7.4 FIRE

Due to the climate conditions of the state the houses are constructed with the local

material and the villages inhabited in cluster, results in huge losses in the event of fire mishaps. The losses to be strengthened by using latest fire fighting equipments. The fire service agency personnels are trained and every year organize training camps to impart training to the personnel of other departments in fire fighting methods. The District Administration always rush for rescue operations in such eventualities and rehabilitate the affected people by providing immediate relief in cash and kind.

3.7.5 EARTHQUAKE

Earthquake is most unfortunate calamity and augmentation of preparatory plan at the District level, which should include means of alternative communication including mobile communication provisions of medical and nursing care, removing debris and trained personnel and transport etc.

3.7.6 MOTOR ACCIDENTS.

Reasi being a hilly District, many motor accidents takes place resulting in injury and deaths of many persons. On receipt of such information District Administration make arrangement for medical aid and rescue operation teams consisting of Para medical staff, Home Guards and police personnel are provided with immediate first aid and relief amount. The injured persons are immediately rushed to hospitals and the dead bodies are handed over to their relatives.

3.7.7 FLOOD DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Causes of floods

Flooding conditions may occur due to:

- River in spate,
- Snow melt
- Storm surges

Short intense storms causing flash floods.

Flooding in rivers is mainly caused by:

- Inadequate capacity within the banks of the river to contain high flows.
- River bank erosion and silting of riverbeds.
- Landslides leading to obstruction of flow and change in the river course.
- Synchronizations of flood in the main and tributary rivers.
- Flow retardation due to tidal and backwater effects.
- Poor natural drainage.

- Cyclone and heavy rainfall.

The various measures adopted for flood mitigation may be categorized into two groups:

- (i) Structural
- (ii) Non-structural

The general approach was aimed at preventing floodwaters from reaching the potential damage centers, as a result of which a large number of embankments came up along the various flood prone rivers. The main thrust of the flood protection programme undertaken in the country so far in the form of structural measures may be grouped into the following:

- Dams and Reservoirs
- Embankments, floodwalls.
- Natural detention basin
- Channel improvement
- Drainage improvement
- Diversion of floodwaters.

For effective functioning of all the physical measures taken, it is necessary that pre and post monsoon checks must be made and special repairs must be carried out prior to flood period. The non- structural measures on the other hand aim at modifying the susceptibility to flood Damage as well as modifying the loss burden the various non-structural measures being Implemented in the country is:

(i) Modifying the susceptibility to flood damages through:

- Flood plain management
- Flood proofing including disaster preparedness, and response planning and
- Flood forecasting and warning

(ii) Modifying the flood loss burden through:

- Disaster relief
- Flood fighting including Public Health Measures

Setting up of flood forecasting and warning services is one of the most cost-effective nonstructural measures available.

Preparedness against floods

Within the overall master plan for the state, there has to be a contingency plan for each district involving steps required to be taken before the onset of floods during the floods and post-flood management. The following would be some of the essential components of flood

preparedness:-

I By the Department Concerned

- 'Pre Monsoon Inspection' of all canals and drains by the respective departments, which could include silt and details clearance from the seasonal rivulets.
- Regular clearance of the drains from silt and weeds to make the drainage system fully functional and restoration of natural drainage blocked by roads and canals.
- Regular maintenance of embankments of rivers, canals, distributors etc. and regular check of the canals land siphons and clearing them from silt.
- Clearing of storm water and sewerage drains in towns before monsoon.
- Constitution of committees comprising of heads of all emergency services, medicals, police, transportation and the district administration to ensure proper coordination during the crises.

II By the District Administration.

- Review of Contingency Plan.
- Update/Modify it, if deemed necessary.
- Co-ordinate with NGOs
- Review and visit to likely places for evacuation to ensure their functional availability.
- Make people aware of the warning dissemination mechanism.
- Do's and don'ts.

Response Mechanism

On receipt of warning of the impending disaster, part of the immediate response has to be to warn the people. In the case of floods and cyclones, enough early warning time is normally available for this purpose. Existing procedures lay down dissemination procedures on the part of the Government agency concerned- through print and electronic media as well as informing the authorities concerned. It is the secondary reach to all the people in the likely affected areas that is the responsibility of the District Administration especially to those people who have no access to mass media modes. This could be by beat of drums, sounding of sirens, village gongs, if any, or by word of mouth. Some local means need to be evolved and be kept in place to ensure that people come to know of the impending calamity and to take suitable follow-up action to save their lives and property as also to help the neighborhood wherever they seen. It has been seen that the largest cause of loss of lives is through house collapses when giving warning is possible and when it is not possible. Safety lies in evacuation people to safer pre-designated areas along with their precious belongings for the duration of the calamity. Generally safe places (at higher elevations) are the pucca

buildings i.e. school, Panchayat Ghar and other public and identified private buildings. It is essential to provide food, safe drinking water hygiene and sanitation facilities in these areas. Evacuation Drill must be well known to the population at large, as to where to go in case of a calamity. One of the known reasons for non-evacuation is the safety of the abandoned houses and material left behind. It should be an integral part of the preparedness plan to earmark responsibility for safety of these properties and instill confidence in this regard. This will help people gain confidence in the system, make them willing to get evacuated and thus keep the loss of human lives to the minimal. During the occurrence of a natural calamity, two activities come to the forefront simultaneously- administration of relief and search and rescue. The latter can comprise of rescuing people from the fallen/damaged houses or other places and evacuating them to safer places and administering medical treatment when required. There are well established procedures for rendering relief- evacuation, rescue, providing food, shelter (temporary), drinking water, medical care, few pieces of clothing, utensils. Once the calamity is over, relief can help people restore their lives back to normal by helping them repair/rebuild their houses, helping them in restarting their small businesses, compensating somewhat for loss of life and property. Damage Assessment is the responsibility of the district/local administration, which covers all aspects of private as well as public properties, including loss of crops etc. An inventory of all such details is prepared along the estimated costs of damages and sent to the state government who may release funds from the Calamity Relief Fund for distribution of assistance at the prescribed norms. If the calamity is found to be beyond the capability of the State Government to meet from CRF, then a memorandum detailing the damages caused and the help required is sent to the state government. The Govt., may after examination, decide to depute a team to make an on conclusion after visits to the affected areas and arrive at a certain figure required to meet the calamity. It forms the basis for distribution of assistance at the prescribed norms.

Post flood management:

Post-disaster management could inter-alia include the following essential requirements:

- Speedy restoration of roads and the postal services.
- Normal water supply in the affected areas either by arranging tankers or fire tenders.
- Repair of the power, telephone and sewerage lines on priority basis so that normalcy is restored.
- Proper arrangements for the supply of food, shelter and clothing to the marooned people.
- Ensuring adequate supply of POL and kerosene oil and keeping the supply line moving

- Constitution of a survey team to assess the loss and compensation to be given to the affected population.
- Assistance for repair/rebuilding of private properties.
- Desilting and dewatering of the inundated areas.
- Taking up appropriate measures according to Contingency Plan for the agriculture sector.

3.8 DISTRICT CONTINGENCY PLAN ACTION POINTS:

3.8.1 FLOOD

1. Pre-flood arrangements:-
 - Convening a Meeting of the District Level Committee on Natural Calamities.
 - Functioning of the Control Rooms.
 - Closure of past breaches in river and guarding of weak points.
 - Rain recording and submission of rainfall reports.
 - Communication of gauge-readings and preparation of maps and charts.
 - Dissemination of weather reports and flood bulleting issued by the meteorological Centres, Central Water Commission and Flood Forecasting Organizations.
 - Deployment of boats at strategic points.
 - Use of powerboats.
 - Installation of temporary Police Wireless Stations and temporary telephones in flood prone areas.
 - Arrangements for keeping telephones and telegraph lines in order,
 - Storage of food in interior, vulnerable strategic and key areas.
 - Arrangements of dry foodstuff and other necessities of life.
 - Arrangements for keeping the drainage system desilted and properly maintained.
 - Agricultural measures,
 - Health Measures
 - Veterinary measures
 - Selection of food shelters
 - Advance arrangements for army assistance.
 - Training in flood relief work.
 - Organization of relief parties.
 - Other precautionary measures: and
 - Alternative drinking water supply arrangements.

3.8.2 ARRANGEMENTS DURING AND AFTER FLOODS

Organizing rescue operations.

- Organizing shelter for the people in distress in case the efforts of the civil authorities are considered inadequate. Army assistance should be requisitioned.
- Relief measures by non-official and voluntary organizations may be enlisted as far as possible.
- Organize relief camps.
- Provision of basic amenities like drinking water, sanitation and public health care and arrangements of cooked food in the relief camps.
- Making necessary arrangements for air dropping of food packets in the marooned villages through helicopters.
- Organizing enough relief parties to the rescue of the marooned people with the reasonable time limit.
- Establish alternate communication links to have effective communication with marooned areas.
- Organising controlled kitchens to supply foods initially at least for 3 days.
- Organising cattle camps, if necessary, and provide veterinary care, fodder and cattle feed to the affected animals.
- Grant of emergency relief to all the affected people.
- Submission of daily reports and disseminate correct information through mass media to avoid rumours.
- Rehabilitation of homeless,
- Commencement of agricultural activities-desiltation, resowing.
- Repairs and construction of infrastructure facilities such as roads, embankments, resettlement of flood prone areas.
- Health measures
- Relief for economic reconstruction.

3.9 DROUGHT

3.9.1 INTRODUCTION

Drought is a temporary reduction in water or moisture availability significantly below the normal or expected amount for a specific period. This condition occurs either due to inadequacy of rainfall, or lack of irrigation facilities, under exploitation or deficient availability for meeting the normal crop requirements in the context of the agro climatic conditions prevailing in particular area. This has been scientifically computed as Moisture

Index (MI). Drought, in this context, can be defined as adverse MI or adverse water balance which may be attributable not only to a prolonged dry spell due to lack of sufficient rainfall but also due to such other factors as excessive evapotranspiration losses, high temperature, low soil holding capacity etc. The inadequacy is with reference to the prevailing agro-climatic conditions in any particular area. Therefore there is a drought in Jaisalmer (Average rainfall 200mm) if rainfall is not sufficient to grow grass and paltry coarse grains,

3.9.2 TYPES OF DROUGHT

There are three types of drought

- Meteorological Drought describes a situation where there is a reduction in rainfall for a specific period (days, months, season or year) below a specific amount (long term average for a specific time).
- Hydrological Drought involves a reduction in water resources (stream flow, lake level, ground water, under ground aquifers) below a specified level for a given period of time.
- Agricultural Drought is the impact of meteorological/hydrological drought on crop yield.

The three drought types are completely different and not synonymous.

3.9.3 DROUGHT MANAGEMENT.

It may be stated that drought by its very nature partakes of crisis management, the success depending on one's ability first to predict and then to control. The strategy for this management is basically three fold:

- (i) Close monitoring of the emerging drought scenario so as to develop an advance warning system,
- (ii) Relief measures required for providing immediate succour to the affected population and the upkeep of the cattle wealth, and if possible integrate it with long term objectives and

Drinking Water

There can be a large number of villages without adequate water supply within reasonable distance or where sources have got dried up or gone derelict. Drying of existing wells and search for new sites is a perpetual exercise. Hand pumps account for the bulk of the coverage and their repair and maintenance is a major problem for which the village community itself must assume much greater responsibilities. Those living in hamlets outside the villages are still

required to cover 2 to 5 kms distance for getting their drinking water supply requirements and the problem is similar in many other states.

- A detailed contingency plan for supply of drinking water in rural areas to be formulated with technical help.
- Adequate plans to be made in the supply of drinking water in urban areas through bores, tankers and other suitable measures.
- Continuous monitoring of rural and urban drinking water availability in drought affected areas.
- Preparation of a water budget for each irrigation reservoir covering drinking water, Kharif and Rabi requirements and capping damage to ground water regime.
- Undertaking repairs of tube wells to make all tube wells operational and install additional tube-wells, taking care at the same time to prevent over exploitation of and damage to ground water regime.

Health & Public Health Measures

The nutritional requirement of all the children, expectant mothers and nursing mothers should be taken care of. Care has to be taken to disinfect drinking water sources to prevent the spread of water-borne diseases and plans need to be drawn up to cope with likely epidemics. There is need for constant surveillance of public health measures including immunization to be undertaken.

Cattle care

The cattle are the worst effected during a drought situation. Where it is not possible to supply fodder or take medical care of cattle, cattle camps are opened to take complete care of the cattle population.

The following is a checklist of points for monitoring the fodder requirement in the difficult drought situation.

- Assessment of fodder requirement in drought affected districts and locate areas where shortages are likely to occur and arrange for supplies from outside.
- Monitoring the prices of fodder in selected places/markets.
- Arrange to procure fodder in selected outlets.
- State Forest Department to arrange for the cutting and bailing of grasses in the forest, wherever possible to meet the demand from fodder deficit districts.
- Fodder cultivation to be encouraged wherever feasible.
- Ensure supply from molasses to cattle feed plants.
- Obtaining from premixed feed and urea-molasses bricks to the extent necessary.

3.10 LANDSLIDES

3.10.1 INTRODUCTION

Landslides are simply defined as the mass movement of rock, debris or earth down a slope and have come to include a broad range of motions whereby falling, sliding and flowing under the influence of gravity dislodges earth material. They often take place in conjunction with earthquakes, floods and volcanoes. At times, prolonged rainfall causing heavy landslides block the flow of river for quite some time. The formation of river blocks can cause havoc to the settlements downstream on its bursting.

His major parameters that call for evaluation are as follows:

- Slope-Magnitude, Legth and Direction
- Soil thickness
- Relative relief
- Landuse
- Drainage-pattern and density
- Landslide affected population

3.10.2 CAUSES OF LANDSLIDES

Landslides can be caused by poor ground conditions, geomorphic phenomena, natural physical forces and quite often due to heavy spells of rainfall coupled with impeded drainage.

A checklist of Causes of Landslides

1 Ground Causes

1. Weak, sensitivity or weathered materials.
2. Adverse ground structure (joints, fissures etc.)
3. Physical property variation Permeability, Plasticity etc)

2 Morphological Causes.

1. Ground uplift (volcanic, tectonic etc.)
2. Erosion (wind, water)
3. Scour
4. Deposition loading in the slope crest
5. Vegetation removal (by forest fire, drought etc.)

3. Physical Causes

1. Prolonged precipitation
2. Rapid draw-down
3. Earthquake
4. Volcanic eruption
5. Thawing
6. Shrink and swell
7. Artesian pressure

4. Man-made Causes

1. Excavation (particularly at the toe of slope)
2. Loading of slope crest.
3. Draw-down (of reservoir)
4. Deforestation
5. Irrigation
6. Mining
7. Artificial vibrations
8. Water impoundment and leakage from utilities.

Study has revealed the following main features

- There seems to be a relation between intensity of rainfall and slope failures.
- Majority of the catastrophic mass movements is confined to the overburden without affecting the underlying rock.
- Improper land use practices such as heavy tilling, agricultural practices and settlement patterns have contributed to creep and with drawl of toe support in many cases.
- A common factor noticed in most of these vulnerable slopes is deforestation in the recent past, cultivation of seasonal crops and increase in settlements.
- In all the vulner able slopes terracing/contour building is adopted mainly to prevent soil erosion and to enhance percolation during dry season for cultivation of cash crops as well as seasonal crops. Invariably, in all these cases, natural drainage lines on slopes are blocked or modified without adequate provision for surface drainage of excess storm water during high intensity rains prevalent in the area.
- In some areas development activities like construction of buildings, road cuttings, embankments, cut and fill structures causes modification of natural slopes, blocking of surface drainage, loading of critical slopes and with drawl of toe support promoting vulnerability of critical slopes.

Mitigatory measures

In general the chief mitigatory measures to be adopted for such areas are :-

- (i) Drainage correction,
- (ii) Proper landuse measures,
- (iii) Reforestation of the areas occupied by degraded vegetation and
- (iv) Creation of awareness among local population.

3.11 FOREST FIRES

3.11.1 INTRODUCTION

Forests face many hazards but the most common hazard is forest fire. Forests fires are as old as forests themselves. They pose threat not only to the forest wealth but also to the entire regime of fauna and flora seriously disturbing the bio-diversity and ecology and environment of a region. During summer, when there is no rain for months, the forests become littered with dry senescent leaves and twigs, which could burst into flames ignited by the slightest spark. The Himalayan forests have been burning regularly during the last few summers, with colossal loss of vegetation cover of that region.

3.11.2 CAUSES OF FOREST FIRE.

Forest fires are caused by:

- i) Natural causes
- ii) Man made causes
 - Natural causes – Many forest fires start from natural causes such as lightning which set trees on fire. Periodic lightning-induced fires have been recorded throughout history from India and elsewhere. However, rain extinguishes such fires without causing much damage. High atmospheric temperatures and dryness (low humidity) offer favourable circumstances for a fire to start.
 - Man made causes- Fires are caused when a source of fire like naked flame, cigarette or bidi, electric spark or any other source of ignition comes into contact with inflammable material.

3.11.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FOREST FIRE

Forest fires can broadly be classified into three categories:

1. Natural or controlled forest fires.
2. Forest fires caused by heat generated in the litter and other biomes in summer through carelessness of people (human neglect) and
3. Forest fires purposely caused by local inhabitants.

Types of Forest Fire.

There are two types of forest fire

1. Surface fire and
2. Crown fire

- **Surface Fire-** A forest fire may burn primarily as a surface fire, spreading along the ground as the surface litter (senescent leaves and twigs and dry grasses etc.) on the forest floor are engulfed by the spreading flames.
- **Crown Fire-** The other type of forest fire is a crown fire in which the crown of trees and shrubs burn, often sustained by a surface fire, A crown fire is particularly very dangerous in a coniferous forest because resinous material given off by burning logs burn furiously. On hill slopes tends to flow up the slope spreading flames alongwith it. If the fire starts uphill, there is less likelihood of it by spreading downwards.

Precautions

The following are the important precautions against fire:

- i) To keep the source of fire or source of ignition separated from combustible and inflammable material.
- ii) To keep the source of fire under watch and control.
- iii) Not allow combustible or inflammable material to pile up unnecessarily and to stock the same as per procedure recommended for safe storage of such combustible or inflammable material.
- iv) To adopt safe practices in areas near forest.
- v) To incorporate fire reducing and fire fighting techniques and equipment while planning a building or coal mining operation.
- vi) In case of forest fires, the volunteer teams are essential not only for fire fighting but also to keep watch on the start of forest fires and sound an alert.
- vii) To arrange fire fighting drills frequently.

3.11.4 AT DISTRICT LEVEL

3.11.4.1 Evacuation

On receipt of advance warning, the primary task of carrying out evacuation and other necessary measures is that of the district authorities. Plans at district level have sufficiently provided for this.

4.11.4.2 Relief & Rescue Operations

During the occurrence of a calamity as well as during the post disaster scenario, the district headquarters is the focal point for all rescue and relief activities.

Damage Assessment and Information Gathering. Based on the assessment carried out by the district authorities. Funds and other resources can be mobilized at state/national or international level. The disaster management plans at district level should provide a comprehensive checklist for carrying out such assessment in the Disaster Management Plan

3.11.4.3 Short Term Plan

Short-term plan comprising relief to be provided immediately following a disaster has been based on past experience. These Short-term plans are action based and aimed at restoring normalcy in the shortest possible time. As one of the foremost requirements this plan defines as to where it would be applicable and the agencies, responsible for its implementation and coordination. And within the boundaries, the following inputs required are:

Defined vulnerable Area (s)
Annexure.....

Role Players.

- The amount of resource material required to be mobilized as relief may be based on the data on the intensity and spread of various disasters in the area in the past period.

Documentation

Past records

- Certain areas are prone to disaster and each time relief is provided, a number of short comings come to light: these become lessons to serve as inputs for future planning of relief and rescue exercises.
- Short-term plans are based on the declared vulnerability of the area of particular types of disasters. Forecasts on future disasters should be usefully translated into 'action plans' an exercise, which would be most useful.

Committees/Task Forces for Plan

Operationalisation.

- Short Term Plans have incorporated suggestions and capabilities of all concerned departments of the District / Non-Governmental Organizations and Community Based Organizations. Therefore, Plans have been prepared by setting up Committees Groups at appropriate level to incorporate their inputs.

3.11.4.4 Long-term Plans

The situation may not always warrant long term plans, but such plans should have the ability to build a culture of disaster mitigation and be aimed at reducing vulnerability of the area. Such long term plans should incorporate policy directives on preparedness as well as post disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation phases (the latter as a follow up of the short term contingency Plans)

- The foremost requirement for the preparation of a long-term plan is establishing its need in an area. Need may be established on the basis of the vulnerability of the area and the resource trade off between the cost of its implementation and other competing needs for overall development. In this context the Long Term Disaster Mitigation Plan or Rehabilitation Plan as part of overall development plan becomes significant.
- In cases of Rehabilitation Plan, the level of damage that has taken place will determine whether long-term intervention is required or not? The strategies of the **Rehabilitation would depend considerably on the Damage Assessment Report.**
- **A detailed study survey of the community**, which looks into the needs and expectations in detail and seeks out their traditions and customs which they would like to preserve, need to be carried out. This would serve as input deciding an intervention strategy that is acceptable to the community.

Rehabilitation

Disaster Management as a component of Development Planning.

- The long term plan should seek an objective of achieving overall development and by satisfying basic needs (shelter, economic and social) of the community. Reducing disaster vulnerability would be a means to achieve the objective and not an end in itself.
- Long Term Plans may be implemented successfully only through partnerships with NGOs and community participation. The involvement of these bodies should be clearly indicated in the action plan.

3.11.4.5 Important Relief Measures at District Level:

The relief measures listed out in the contingency plans are as follows:

1. Establishment of Control Room

Immediate after receipt of warning or otherwise of an impending disaster the first part of the action taken by the district administration is to establish a control room.

2. Administration of Relief.

District is the primary level with requisite resources to respond to any natural calamity, through the issue of essential commodities group assistance to the effected people, damage assessment and administering appropriate rehabilitation and restoration measures.

3. Military Assistance.

If the district administration feels that the situation is beyond its control, then immediate military assistance may be sought to carry out the relief operations.

4. Medical Care.

Specialised Medical Care may be required to help the affected population. Besides, preventive medicine may have to be administered to prevent outbreak of disease.

5. Epidemics

In the relief camps set up for the affected population, there is likelihood of epidemics from a number of sources. The strategy should be to subdue such sources and immunize the population against them

6. Salvage

A major effort is needed to salvage destroyed structure and property. Essential services like communications, roads, bridges, electricity would have to be repaired and restored for normalization of activities.

7. Corpse Disposal.

Disposal of dead bodies is to be carried out as part of the operation to prevent the outbreak of epidemics.

8. Outside Relief

During disaster situations-considerable relief flows in from outside, thus there is an immediate need to coordinate the relief flow so that the maximum coverage is achieved and there is no duplication of work in the same area.

9. Special Relief.

Along with compensation doles, essential items may have to be distributed to the affected population to provide for temporary sustenance.

10. Information.

Information flow and review is essential part of the relief exercises, constant monitoring is required to assess the extent of damage which forms the basis of further relief to the affected area.

“Chapter-4”

DISTRICT DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

4.1 DDMA:- As per rule 7 of the Jammu and Kashmir Disaster Management 2007 composition of District Disaster Management Authority is as follows.

1. Deputy Commissioner – Chairperson
2. Additional Deputy Commissioner – Chief Executive Officer
3. District Superintendent of the Police – Member
4. Chief Medical Officer – Member
5. Superintending Engineer PWD(R&B) - Member
6. Assistant Director, Consumer Affairs & P.D Department- Member

The non-official member of the District Advisory Committee shall in addition to traveling allowance also receive sitting allowance of Rs. 200/- per day on the days of meetings of the District Advisory Committee

4.2 ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF EACH MEMBER OF DDMA

S.No	Designation	Role and responsibility
1.	Deputy Commissioner (Chairperson)	The Deputy Commissioner (Chairman) has the information with him relating to the official manpower available with him, of which, he would use of, in case of an emergency at all levels and list of such able and healthy officers/officials has been made so that they can be called and check up on already assigned duties and in case they are to be sent for some kind of training, arrangements shall be made. The matter of regular trainings shall be taken up with the Commandant, Army , CRPF of Reasi District with whom discussions have been made. Such a mechanism will be followed at all levels i.e, Tehsil level. The Additional Commissioner Development, Additional Deputy Commissioner, Additional District Magistrates at Headquarters shall assist the Deputy Commissioner (Chairman) in all such functions but will ensure specific areas oriented duties as assigned to them.

2.	Additional Deputy Commissioner –Chief Executive Officer	The occurrence of any of natural calamities in the District the Additional Deputy Commissioner/Additional District Magistrates will assist the Deputy Commissioner in the discharge of his duties in the maintenance of law and order and they shall also coordinate rescue/relief measures with various departments/bodies. In the absence of the Deputy Commissioner (Chairman) the ADC/ADM shall automatically perform all such functions. No vacuum should occur at any time.
3.	Sr. Superintendent of police (Member)	<p>The Sr. Superintendent of Police is having the information with him relating to his manpower available at each level, so that in case of need even those persons who are on leave can be called and put on duty. His services are needed to maintain law and order and it is also required that he keeps watch on anti-social elements, rumor-mongers and those elements who want to take advantage of the situations. Such a list/information should be provided to the Chairman (DC). At present, The District Police has strength of about 1565 personnel. There is acute shortage of manpower as there are still many vacancies. In case of immediate demand, the Superintendent of Police, Reasi has confirmed the availability of sufficient police personnel at a short notice of one hour exclusive of time taken for reaching the site of disaster. More personnel can be made available in due course of time. Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An officer to be appointed as Nodal Officer on his behalf. • Over all traffic management and patrolling of all highways and other access roads to disaster sites. • Identification of anti social elements • Provision of security in transit camps relief camps / feeding centers/ cattle camps /cooperative food stores/ distribution centers. • Providing assistance to district authorities for taking necessary action against hoarders black marketers and those found manipulating relief materials. • Coordination with military service personnel in the area being carried out under relief operation • Providing assistance to the community in organising emergency transport or injured.
3.	Chief Medical Officer (Member)	The Chief Medical Officer submitted a list of officers/officials of his department working at

		<p>different institution/locations. Whenever situation arises, he will be in a position to dispatch reasonable number of doctors, Para medical staff, medicines and other equipment to the site of occurrence of disaster whether it is earthquake or any other natural calamity e.g.flood, cloud-burst, drought etc. He is further directed he should have sufficient medicines in stock which should be available all the time so that he has not to rush to market for purchase. Lifesaving drugs should be utilized and replenished on and on.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication establishment with District / Block / office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division • CMO Reasi has been appointed as nodal officer. • Stocking of life saving, anti diarrhea drugs, de-toxicants, anesthesia, adequate drinking water. • Arrangement of ambulance • In house emergency medical team to ensure that adequate staff available at all times to handle emergency casualties. • Listing of private health facilities. • Strengthening o disease surveillance • Formation of mobile units as ensure communication with them • Identification of site in probable disaster areas for side operation areas. • Awareness generation • All staff informed about the disasters, likely damages and effects.
4.	<p>Superintending Engineer PWD(R&B) (Member)</p>	<p>Restoration of communication is of utmost importance in such an eventuality and Superintending (PWD) is required to be well equipped with emergency plan in the event of disaster taking place. He should have complete information with regard to manpower, machinery and materials at all the places in the district, at his disposal and priority shall be given to re-open the blocked/closed roads and to provide the manpower in case of exigency. Such a list/information be also provided to the Chairman.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division • An officer has been appointed as nodal officer Arrangement of extra vehicle / heavy equipments, such as front end loaders/ towing vehicles / earth moving equipments cranes etc. • Inspection and emergency repair for roads /

		<p>bridges / under water inspection piers concrete and steel work.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency inspection by mechanical engineer of all plans and equipments • Route strategy for evacuation and relief marked. • Clearance of blocked roads. • Community assistance mobilized for road clearing all staff informed about the disaster, likely damages and effects.
5.	<p>Assistant Director CA&PD Department (member)</p>	<p>In such situations, the supply of essential commodities has to be ensured. The AD, CA & PD has information and requisite stocks of food grains available in different godowns/supply outlets of the District and it has been ensured that whenever required they will be in a position to provide essential food stuff and other essential commodities at a short notice without delay. As far as Reasi District is concerned any kind of supply required in interiors of the district can be provided within 3 to 4 hours. So arrangements have been made in such a way that this mechanism works.</p> <p>(List of Godowns / outlets listed in Annexure (_____)).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keeping list of whole sale traders of local markets • List of storage agents with quantity of monthly allotment and uptake. • List of petrol pump dealers. • List of medical shops • List of traders dealing with temporary shelters materials. • Diversion of essential commodities to affected pockets as and when requisition.

4.3 RESOURCE AVAILABLE WITH FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS

Table 5.3.1

S.No	Name of Department	Employee Strength (Human resource)				
		Class-I	Class-II	Class-III	Class-IV	Total
1.	Public Health Engineering	--	7	42	358	407
2.	District Police	1	5	60	1499	1565
3.	Agriculture	--	11	82	17	110
4.	Animal Husbandry	1	8	34	72	115
5.	Sheep Husbandry	--	5	40	79	124
6.	Irrigation	--	--	3	8	11
7.	Information	--	1	--	1	2
8.	Health and Medical Services	--	57	103	108	268
9.	Transport	--	1	1	--	2
10.	Education.	--	67	3069	163	3299
11.	PWD	--	1	17	69	87
12.	Urban Development and Housing/Municipalities Reasi/Katra	--	6	3	330	339
13.	Fire and Emergency Services	--	01	25	230	256
14.	Social Welfare	--	5	4	1256	1265

15.	Any other if necessary and present in the District.	--	--	--	--	--
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Table 4.3.2

S.No	Name of Department	Machinery/equipment/vehicle/buildings			
		Machinery (JCB, Doser, water tanker etc.)	Equipment	Vehicle (Load carriage/passenger vehicle and its condition)	Building (location-wise, size of big halls and No. of rooms)
1.	Public Health Engineering	2	--	Balero(1)	Office buildings only.
2.	District Police	--	--	Gypsy, Van, Trucks	DPL at Reasi, STC at Talwara & P/Stns.
3.	Agriculture	--	--	--	Office buildings only.
4.	Animal Husbandry	--	--	Jeep(1)	Katra, Reasi, Arnas, Dharmari, VH-Arnas, Mahore. 20 rooms of 10x12 size.
5.	Sheep Husbandry	--	--	--	Reasi, Mahore, Arnas & Pouni.
6.	Irrigation	--	--	--	Office building at Dharmari.
7.	Information	--	--	--	--
8.	Health and Medical Services	--	--	List enclosed in annexure	Katra, Reasi, Pouni, Arnas, Dharmari, Mahore, Gota (Chasana)
9.	Transport	--	--	--	--
10.	Education.	--	--	Gypsy(1)	1018 School Buildings in the District.
11.	PWD	11 JCB of Govt. Contractor.	--	13 Tipper of Govt. Contractor	Guest House at Arnas, Pouni, Reasi, Dharmari, of two rooms each.
12.	Urban Development and Housing/Municipalities.	--	--	Balero(1) at Katra.	--

13.	Fire and Emergency Services	3 fire tenders	Available	List enclosed in annexure	--
14.	Social Welfare	--	--	--	--
15.	Any other if necessary and present in the District.	--	--	--	--

4.4 ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS

S.No	Name of Department	Role and Responsibility
1.	Public Health Engineering	<p>The Superintending Engineer (I & FC)will ensure the supply of drinking water and will also have the plan to undertake the repair of irrigation channels and flood protection activities during the occurrence of such incidents. He will also have to ensure the regular cleanliness/chlorination of all traditional water sources in the District and has sufficient stores required to maintain/restore the drinking water supply. Moreover, he has the details of manpower and materials available in the District at different locations which will be pressed into the action within the shortest possible notice. Such a list/information should also be provided to the Chairman.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division • An officer has been appointed as nodal officer • Arrangement of water tankers and other temporary means of distribution and storage water • Adequate arrangement to provide k water to relief camps / affected villages, alternate water supply arranged in feeding centers / cattle camps etc. • Disinfection of water bodies . • Identification of appropriate potable water supply, • All staff informed about the diasters, likely damages and ef fected.
2.	District Police	SSP Reasi will provide all the police personel for

		rescue operation in case of any disaster and also Police department will co-ordinate with all blocks through their wireless communication.
3.	Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division • An officer to be appointed as nodal officer • Information provided about the disaster and likely damages to crops and plantation • Organization transport , storage and distribution of seeds / fertilizers/ pesticides • Surveillance of pests and disease being carried out • Establishment of public information centres requirement for salvage or re-plantation assessed damage • Identification of different areas to be affected by different hazards • Listing of Irrigation sources with status . • All staff informed about the disaster , likely damages and effects.
4.	Animal/sheep Husbandry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division • An officer to be appointed as nodal officer • Listing of animal population with category • Stock piling of emergency medicines and medical equipments • Arrangement of anesthetic drugs / vehicles for transport of injured animals • Identification of places for opening of operational sites • Stock piling of fodder , water, animal feed. • All staff informed about the disasters likely damages and effects.
5.	Information	The Telecom District Manager shall make sincere efforts to restore telecommunication services in the affected areas immediately, so that there is no communication gap and he shall put all his available manpower and machinery to use for restoration of communication services without delay.
6.	Health and Medical Services	The Chief Medical Officer submitted a list of officers/officials of his department working at different institution/locations. Whenever situation arises, he will be in a position to dispatch reasonable number of doctors, Para medical staff,

		<p>medicines and other equipment to the site of occurrence of disaster whether it is earthquake or any other natural calamity e.g.flood, cloud-burst, drought etc. He is further directed he should have sufficient medicines in stock which should be available all the time so that he has not to rush to market for purchase. Lifesaving drugs should be utilized and replenished on and on.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication establishment with District / Block / office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division • CMO Reasi has been appointed as nodal officer. • Stocking of life saving, anti diarrhea drugs, de-toxicants, anesthesia, adequate drinking water. • Arrangement of ambulance • In house emergency medical team to ensure that adequate staff available at all times to handle emergency casualties. • Listing of private health facilities. • Strengthening o disease surveillance • Formation of mobile units as ensure communication with them • Identification of site in probable disaster areas for side operation areas. • Awareness generation • All staff informed about the disasters, likely damages and effects.
7.	Transport	The General Manager, SRTC is required to provide transportation facilities for the evacuation purposes and shall have a contingent plan with respect have beenda District mentioning the availability of buses, cranes etc along with locations.
8.	Education	All schools will be used as Temporary shelters. Chief Education Officer Reasi will be the nodal officer.
9.	PWD	<p>Restoration of communication is of utmost importance in such an eventuality and Superintending (PWD) is required to be well equipped with emergency plan in the event of disaster taking place. He should have complete information with regard to manpower, machinery and materials at all the places in the district, at his disposal and priority shall be given to re-open the blocked/closed roads and to provide the manpower in case of exigency. Such a list/information be also provided to the Chairman.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication establishment with District

		<p>/ Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An officer has been appointed as nodal officer Arrangement of extra vehicle / heavy equipments, such as front end loaders/ towing vehicles / earth moving equipments cranes etc. • Inspection and emergency repair for roads / bridges / under water inspection piers concrete and steel work. • Emergency inspection by mechanical engineer of all plans and equipments • Route strategy for evacuation and relief marked. • Clearance of blocked roads. • Community assistance mobilized for road clearing all staff informed about the disaster, likely damages and effects.
10.	Urban Development and Housing/Municipalities.	E.O Municipal committee Reasi/Katra, will provide the workmen in case of any disaster at HQ Reasi/Katra for rescue operation.
11.	Fire and Emergency Services	I/C Fire & Emergency service Reasi will provide the fire tenders.
12.	Social Welfare	District Social Officer Reasi will act as a Nodal officer and he will provide the Angarwari workers/Helpers to help the rescue teams in case of any epidemics.
13.	Any other if necessary and present in the District.	<p>Forest</p> <p>The conservator of Forests is required to have all the information with him in relation to manpower, timber and fuel-wood in different locations of the district and will also coordinate with the Forest Corporation in the supply of timber and fuel-wood in case required, at any of the places of occurrence of disaster in the district.</p>

4.5 STANDARD OPERATION RECEIPT OF INFORMATION AND ACTION.

Information about the occurrence of an emergency may be received in the control room through Police Wireless, fire brigade or through official/non official members of the public. The information will be conveyed in the control room immediately who in turn will inform officer- in-charge of the control room. However, the first information receiving agencies like fire brigade, police may directly inform the Deputy Commissioner, Superintendent Of

Police and Officer-in-Charge of the control room. In such position the concerned officer will come into action. The officer-in-charge of the control room will assess the magnitude and gravity of the situation based on the information received and thereafter direct SDM/Tehsildar to proceed to the site, assess the situation and mobilize the resources available keeping in view the seriousness of the Disaster and take action accordingly. If the information is received by the SDM/Tehsildar of the concerned areas by themselves will proceed to the site take action accordingly a coordinate the activities of all concerned organizations and start immediate emergency relief operations. During the operation if they find that the situation is grave and beyond their control, they may inform Deputy Commissioners, who will convene the meeting of District Relief Committee if required and mobilize the resources available at district headquarters and send direction to the SDM/Tehsildar for further action. If the information received is not of grave nature, the officer-in-charge will collect information through police station and take action accordingly. In case of fire, the fire brigade will move to the location along with rescue team without waiting for the instructions.

4.6 PRESS BRIEFING.

No press briefing other than the Deputy Commissioner and Sr. Superintendent of Police individually or jointly will be done. In such contingencies the District Information Officer Reasi will arrange the meeting of press media and it may be ensured that rumors and panic creating materials are not published or passed to public from any corner.

PART-B

4.7 INFRASTRUCTURE:

B 2 PROTECTION OF VULNERABLE AREAS INSTALLATIONS.

Vulnerable areas/vital installation are to be protected during emergencies and additional point police/home guard personnel have to be deployed to keep strict round the clock vigil against any damage.(annexure)

B 3 COMMITTEES

NON-OFFICIAL MEMBERS.

1. Elected representatives of the area i,e (Ho'ble, MLA Reasi/ Gool-Arnas/ Gulabgarh..
2. One member each from the NGOs.
3. At least five prominent citizens of the area who have no affiliation with anyone, if possible but are interested in such missionary work.

B 3.2 SUB-DIVISIONAL LEVEL DISASTER MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE;

At Sub- Divisional Headquarters, the Sub-Divisional Magistrate shall chair such a Committee.

The constitution of Sub Divisional level Committee shall be as under: -

1. Sub Divisional Magistrate. (Chairman.)
2. Deputy Superintendent of Police.
4. Block Medical Officer.
5. Commandant, Army , CRPF,

6. Executive Engineer, PWD (R&B)
7. Executive Engineer, PHE
8. Executive Engineer, I & FC .
9. Divisional Forest Officer.
10. TSO CA&PD Food & Supplies.
11. Manager, Transport
12. Commandant GREEF
13. Block Development officer
14. Incharge, Fire Station.
15. NGOs.
16. Sub Divisional Officer (Telephones).
17. Tehsildar. Member Secretary.

NON-OFFICIAL MEMBERS:

- (1) The voluntary bodies (NGOs) at Tehsil/Sub-Divisional Level shall also be associated.
- (2) Elected representatives of the area and a few prominent citizens.

B 3.3 TEHSIL LEVEL DISASTER MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE;

At Tehsil Headquarters, such a committee shall be chaired by the Tehsildar. The constitution of

Tehsil Level Committee should be as under:-

1. Tehsildar. Chairman.
2. Block Medical Officer Incharge, Dispensary.
3. Sarpanch Gram Panchayats.
4. Station House Officer.
5. Assistant Engineer, I& PH.
6. Assistant Engineer, PWD(R&B)
7. Assistant Engineer, PHE
8. TSO CA&PD
9. Commandant Army , CRPF.
10. AEE PDD
11. Range Forest Officer.
12. In charge, Fire Station.
13. Sub Divisional Officer, Telecom.
14. Naib-Tehsildar (Office) Member Secretary.

NON-OFFICIAL MEMBERS:

- (i) The voluntary bodies (NGOs) at Tehsil/Block Level shall also be associated.
- (ii) Elected representatives of the area and a few prominent citizens.

B. 3.4 SUB-TEHSIL LEVEL DISASTER MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:

(A) At Sub-Tehsil Headquarters, such a committee shall be chaired by the Naib Tehsildar. The constitution of Sub-Tehsil Level Committee should be as under: -

1. Naib Tehsildar. Chairman.
2. Medical Officer In charge, Dispensary.
3. Sarpanch, Gram Panchayat.
4. Station House Officer.
5. Assistant Engineer, I&PH.
6. Assistant Engineer, PWD.
7. Assistant Engineer,.
8. Inspector, Food & Supplies.
9. Home Guards Platoon Commander.
10. Range Forest Officer.
11. Incharge, Fire Station.

12. Junior Engineer, Telecom (JTO).
13. A representative from Military / para military forces

NON-OFFICIAL MEMBERS;

(i) The voluntary bodies (NGOs) at Block Level shall also be associated. Elected representatives of the area and a few prominent citizens.

1. It is also desired that whenever an emergent situation arises each member of the Committee(s) will mobilize resources available at his disposal and swing into action. This is essential in view of the fact that sometimes it may not be possible to convene meetings by the Chairman at a Short notice. However, meetings can be convened immediately after action has been initiated with regard to rescue/relief measures and the entire machinery be mobilized.

2. It is essential that each member have with him telephone numbers of all members of the Committee and of such members/officers who can be of some help. This, the district administration has already done and a few left out Telephone numbers are being collected. In order to make the functioning of the Committee effective, it is important to have the following information, which should be available with the Chairman of the respective Committees.

B 4 FUNCTIONS OF THE DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS

B. 4.1 Deputy Commissioner (Chairman).

(I) The relevant data pertaining to the District.

(II) The Deputy Commissioner (Chairman) has the information with him relating to the official manpower available with him, of which, he would use of, in case of an emergency at all levels and list of such able and healthy officers/officials has been made so that they can be called and check up on already assigned duties and in case they are to be sent for some kind of training, arrangements shall be made. The matter of regular trainings shall be taken up with the Commandant, Army , CRPF of Reasi District with whom discussions have been made. Such a mechanism will be followed at all levels I.e, Tehsil level.

The Additional Commissioner Development, Additional Deputy Commissioner, Additional District Magistrates at Headquarters shall assist the Deputy Commissioner (Chairman) in all such functions but will ensure specific areas oriented duties as assigned to them.

B. 4.2 Sr. Superintendent of Police: -

The Sr. Superintendent of Police is having the information with him relating to his manpower available at each level, so that in case of need even those persons who are on leave can be called and put on duty. His services are needed to maintain law and order and it is also required that he keeps watch on anti-social elements, rumor-mongers and those elements who want to take advantage of the situations. Such a list/information should be provided to the Chairman (DC). At present, The District Police has strength of about 1565 personnel. There is acute shortage of manpower as there are still many vacancies. In case of immediate demand, the Superintendent of Police, Reasi has confirmed the availability of sufficient police personnel at a short notice of one hour exclusive of time taken for reaching the site of disaster. More personnel can be made available in due course of time. Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division.

- An officer to be appointed as Nodal Officer on his behalf .
- Over all traffic management and patrolling of all highways and other access roads to disaster sites.
- Identification of anti social elements
- Provision of security in transit camps relief camps / feeding centers/ cattle camps /cooperative food stores/ distribution centers.
- Providing assistance to district authorities for taking necessary action against hoarders

black marketers and those found manipulating relief materials .

- Coordination with military service personnel in the area being carried out under relief operation
- Providing assistance to the community in organizing emergency transport or injured.

B 4.3 Additional Deputy Commissioner/Additional District Magistrates.

The occurrence of any of natural calamities in the District the Additional Deputy Commissioner/Additional District Magistrates will assist the Deputy Commissioner in the discharge of his duties in the maintenance of law and order and they shall also coordinate rescue/relief measures with various departments/bodies. In the absence of the Deputy Commissioner (Chairman) the ADC/ADM shall automatically perform all such functions. No vacuum should occur at any time.

B 4.4 Superintending Engineer Hydraulic (I& FC) –

The Superintending Engineer (I & FC)will ensure the supply of drinking water and will also have the plan to undertake the repair of irrigation channels and flood protection activities during the occurrence of such incidents. He will also have to ensure the regular cleanliness/chlorination of all traditional water sources in the District and has sufficient stores required to maintain/restore the drinking water supply. Moreover, he has the details of manpower and materials available in the District at different locations which will be pressed into the action within the shortest possible notice. Such a list/information should also be provided to the Chairman.

- Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division
- An officer has been appointed as nodal officer
- Arrangement of water tankers and other temporary means of distribution and storage water
- Adequate arrangement to provide k water to relief camps / affected villages, alternate water supply arranged in feeding centers / cattle camps etc.
- Disinfection of water bodies .
- Identification of appropriate potable water supply,
- All staff informed about the diasters, likely damages and ef fected.

B. 4.5 Superintending Engineer (PWD): -

Restoration of communication is of utmost importance in such an eventuality and Superintending (PWD) is required to be well equipped with emergency plan in the event of disaster taking place. He should have complete information with regard to manpower, machinery and materials at all the places in the district, at his disposal and priority shall be given to re-open the blocked/closed roads and to provide the manpower in case of exigency. Such a list/information be also provided to the Chairman.

- Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division
- An officer has been appointed as nodal officer Arrangement of extra vehicle / heavy equipments, such as front end loaders/ towing vehicles / earth moving equipments cranes etc.
- Inspection and emergency repair for roads / bridges / under water inspection piers concrete and steel work.
- Emergency inspection by mechanical engineer of all plans and equipments

- Route strategy for evacuation and relief marked.
- Clearance of blocked roads.
- Community assistance mobilized for road clearing all staff informed about the disaster, likely damages and effects.

B 4.6 Superintending Engineer (EM & RE).

Similarly, Superintending Engineer, EM & RE shall ensure to restore uninterrupted power supply to the affected areas in case of disaster taking place and will have all the information available with him as to the manpower and materials at his disposal in the district.

B 4.7 CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER.

Similarly, the Chief Medical Officer submitted a list of officers/officials of his department working at different institution/locations. Whenever situation arises, he will be in a position to dispatch reasonable number of doctors, Para medical staff, medicines and other equipment to the site of occurrence of disaster whether it is earthquake or any other natural calamity e.g.flood, cloud-burst, drought etc. He is further directed he should have sufficient medicines in stock which should be available all the time so that he has not to rush to market for purchase. Lifesaving drugs should be utilized and replenished on and on.

- Communication establishment with District / Block / office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division
- CMO Reasi has been appointed as nodal officer.
- Stocking of life saving , anti diarrhea drugs, de-toxicants , anesthesia, adequate drinking water .
- Arrangement of ambulance
- In house emergency medical team to ensure that adequate staff available at all times to handle emergency casualties.
- Listing of private health facilities .
- Strengthening of disease surveillance
- Formation of mobile units as ensure communication with them
- Identification of site in probable disaster areas for side operation areas.
- Awareness generation
- All staff informed about the disasters, likely damages and effects.

B 4.8 ASSISTANT DIRECTOR CA & PD REASI

In such situations the supply of essential commodities has to be ensured. The AD, CA & PD has information and requisite stocks of food grains available in different godowns/supply outlets of the District and it has been ensured that whenever required they will be in a position to provide essential food stuff and other essential commodities at a short notice without delay. As far as Reasi District is concerned any kind of supply required in interiors of the district can be provided within 3 to 4 hours. So arrangements have been made in such a way that this mechanism works.

(List of Godowns / outlets listed in Annexure(____)).

- Keeping list of whole sale traders of local markets
- List of storage agents with quantity of monthly allotment and uptake .
- List of petrol pump dealers.
- List of medical shops
- List of traders dealing with temporary shelters materials.
- Diversion of essential commodities to affected pockets as and when requisition.

B 4.9 MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE

The Executive Officer Municipal Committee Katra/Reasi has been directed to make a detail plan for disaster pre-paredeness / prevention / mitigation for the township of Reasi/Katra respectively.

B 4. 10 Telecommunication Departments:

The Telecom District Manager shall make sincere efforts to restore telecommunication services in the affected areas immediately, so that there is no communication gap and he shall put all his available manpower and machinery to use for restoration of communication services without delay.

B 4.11 General Manager, SRTC.

The General Manager, SRTC is required to provide transportation facilities for the evacuation purposes and shall have a contingent plan with respect have beenda District mentioning the availability of buses, cranes etc along with locations.

B 4.12 Conservator of Forests.

The conservator Of Forests is required to have all the information with him in relation to manpower, timber and fuel-wood in different locations of the district and will also coordinate with the Forest Corporation in the supply of timber and fuel-wood in case required, at any of the places of occurrence of disaster in the district.

B 4.13 AGRICULTURE

- Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division
- An officer to be appointed as nodal officer
- Information provided about the disaster and likely damages to crops and plantation
- Organization transport , storage and distribution of seeds / fertilizers/ pesticides
- Surveillance of pests and disease being carried out
- Establishment of public information centres requirement for salvage or re-plantation assessed damage
- Identification of different areas to be affected by different hazards
- Listing of Irrigation sources with status.
- All staff informed about the disaster, likely damages and effects.

B 4.14 AH & SHEEP HUSBANDRY DEPTT.

- Communication establishment with District / Block office / Control rooms and departmental offices within the division
- An officer to be appointed as nodal officer
- Listing of animal population with category
- Stock pilling of emergency medicines and medical equipments
- Arrangement of anesthetic drugs / vehicles for transport of injured animals
- Identification of places for opening of operational sites
- Stock pilling of fodder, water, animal feed.
- All staff informed about the disasters likely damages and effects.

B 4.15 ACD/ BDOS

- Vulnerability map of block
- List of cut off areas with safe route maps
- List of storage facilities , dealers of food
- Control room set up/ assignment of control room
- Pre-positioning of staffs for site operation centers.
- Arrangement of alternative communication / generator sets etc.
- Dissemination of warning / coordination with District Control Room
- Ensuring convergence with village committee

B 4.16 MILITARY AND PARA MILITARY FORCES.

The Commandant, Home Guards, Commandant, Army , Commandant, CRPF, Commander GREF and Fire Officer shall work in close coordination with the District Administration and shall have access to all the available manpower, machinery and materials at their respective disposal. They are required to draw contingent plan with all available resources at their command and shall also apprise the Chairman of such information. These organizations shall also be responsible for the protection of vital installations and maintaining the supply lines.

IRP Battalion:-

While having discussion with the Commandant IRP, Reasi, it was revealed that there is strength of about one battalion of IRP personels in the District, deployed at different stations of the district. He confirmed the movement of personnels within shortest time exclusive of time taken for reaching the site of incident. He further assessed that within 24 hours, in case of need, IRP personels can be made available to the District Administration in rendering rescue/relief services.

The commandant, CRPF Reasi has revealed that:-

CRPF has one battalion in Reasi District and at a shortest notice, they can make available to the authorities for such situations.

Army

In the course of discussions and consultation with the Army Commandants and their representatives, it is gathered that in case such situation arises together they can, available with their jawans for such operations.

GREF:-

With regard to GREF, after discussion the GREF authorities at Karua/Bhambla assured that men and machinery can be made available to the District Administration in the hour of crises provided it is not required at the place where it is not needed and the movement of such men and machinery can take place at a short notice of one hour. In the above mentioned narrative the functioning of the District Disaster Management Committee has been enumerated in detail. Similar kind of arrangements shall be made at the lower levels mentioned below:

1. Sub-Divisional Level.
2. Tehsil Level
3. Sub Tehsil Level.

as described elsewhere in detail give above .

The formation of these five committees is essential, so that in case of contingency the respective Disaster Management Committees are in a position to function independently, at all levels.

That is in case: -

Suppose an incident of disaster occurs at District Headquarters and there is tremendous loss and, God forbids, if nobody survives and vacuum is created during such times the Committees formed at Sub-Divisional /Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil Level will immediately rush with necessary manpower and material to render assistance in respect of rescue, relief and rehabilitation. If such a situation arises at Sub-Divisional Headquarters then the Committees formed at Tehsil/Sub Tehsil/Block Level shall function and of course Committee at District Headquarters will swing into action with all manpower and relevant measures under its command and shall monitor the situation and issue necessary directions. The District Committee already has the information with regard to manpower i.e. Police, Army, Home Guards, NGOs of adjoining District, so that in case of necessity they can be requested to help.

TRAINING

As the incident of earthquake is of different nature and it affects both men and property, it also requires persons, specifically trained to rescue people and extend necessary relief. It is essential to impart training to a sizable number of able bodied officials and officers working in different departments of the district, who in case of dire need can be called upon to go to site of disaster and render assistance to the District Administration. The Civil Defense (DSP) Commandant, CRPF has assured that he can arrange to impart training to a group of atleast 15-20 persons at a time and the process will continue till reasonable number of officials/officers are trained. The minimum time for training will be fifteen days.

The District Administration plans to train atleast 100 able bodied officials of District Administration (Clerks, Assistants and Officers) in the first instance. This training programme can be extended to other departments if it meets approval of the Government.(all Departmental heads are directed to submit a list of 10-15 volunteers for undergoing sensitization and training)

PART –C

C-1) PREPARATION OF DISTRICT DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN.

C-1.1. CAPABILITY ANALYSIS

C 1.1.1. Inventory and Evaluation of Resources.

It is necessary for assessing the capacity of the districts to respond effectively to the various types of disasters and especially the recurring disasters and the vulnerability. The list of resources with the Government and other agencies including Private NGOs, to be listed in details- example- **Manpower, Machinery, Materials, Buildings, Infrastructure, etc.** (Appendix-I)

C 1.2 District Disaster Management Committee:

S/No	Name of Department
1.	Deputy Commissioner Reasi
2.	Addl. District Dev. Commissioner Reasi
3.	Sr. Supdt. of Police Reasi
4.	Addl. Deputy Commissioner Reasi
5.	Asstt Commissioner (Rev) Reasi
6.	SDM Mahore

8. Tehsildar Reasi
9. Tehsildar Mahore.
11. Tehsildar (S) Reasi.
12. Asstt Commissioner (Dev) Reasi
15. Commandant CRPF
16. Superintending Engineer Hydraulic Circle Udhampur/Reasi .
17. Superintending Engineer PWD(R&B) Circle Udhampur/Reasi
18. Superintending Engineer EM & RE Circle, Udhampur/Reasi
22. Chief Medical Officer Reasi
23. Chief Education Officer Reasi
24. DFO Reasi/Mahore.
25. Chief Horticulture Officer Reasi
26. Chief Agriculture Officer Reasi
27. Chief Animal Husbandry Officer Reasi
28. Dy. Director Employment Reasi
29. Dy. Director Sts and Evt. Reasi
30. AD Fire Services Reasi
31. Asstt Soil Conservation Officer Reasi
32. Asstt. Director Handicrafts Reasi
33. Astt Director Fisheries Reasi.
34. Asstt Regional Transport Officer Reasi
35. District Social Welfare Officer Reasi
40. Project Officer DRDA Reasi
42. Executive Officer Municipal Committee Reasi/Katra.
45. SDPO Reasi/Mahore.

COMMUNICATION FACILITIES

Name of Block	Telecommunication	No. of buses		No. of trackers		No. of Buldozers		No. of jeeps	
		G	P	G	P	G	P	G	P
Reasi	BSNL	--	Y	--	Y	Y	--	Y	Y
Pouni	-do-	--	Y	--	Y	Y	--	Y	Y
Arnas	-do-	--	Y	--	Y	Y	--	Y	Y
Mahore	-do-	--	y	--	Y	y	--	Y	Y

G- Government, P-Private Y-Yes

PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM:

S.No	Rural/Urban Areas: Wholesalers.			
	No of Town/village	Name of the wholesaler/establishment	Location	Contact No.

1	259	CA&PD Ration Dealers	Every Village	AD CA&PD 01991- 245456
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Shelters: Schools, Community Halls, Building etc are available in the District.

STATIC FIRST AID PRE/POST UNDER AREA

Name of Hospital/Health centre and address	No. of Doctors	Facilities available			
		No. of beds	Ambulances	Blood Bank	X-ray machine
District Hospital Reasi	13	32	Yes 2	No	Yes
CHC Katra	12	30	Yes 2	No	Yes
CHC Mahore	3	6	Yes 1	No	Yes
PHC Arnas	3	10	No	No	Yes
PHC Gota	4	2	Yes 1	No	No
PHC Dharmari	4	10	Yes 1	No	Yes
PHC Banna	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Bhagodas	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Miyari	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Laiter	4	6	Yes 1	No	No
PHC Panasa	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Bharakh	2	6	Yes 1	No	No
PHC Pouni	3	10	Yes 1	No	Yes
PHC Tote	2	2	No	No	No

TRANSPORTATION ROADS (DIVISION WISE)

S. No.	Name of road	Take Off point	End destination	Present Status (earth work/shingle /Mettled/BT)
	61			
1.	Construction of road from Talwara Zero Morh to Malad via Gan Kolsar.RIDF-XII	Zero Morh Talwara	Malad	MT=10.00 SH=3.20
2.	Reasi to Kayala road	Reasi	Kayala	MT=1.00 FW=2.60
3.	Const.of 25M Motorable Bridge connecting village Shaktinagar with approaches Bhareatch	Shaktinagar	Bharakh	BT=1.72
4.	Cost. Of Seri Pangal link road to Parankot Slair Dubri	Seri	Prankote Slair Dubri	BT=3.00
5.	Link road to Mari Agar Ballain from Main road	Reasi	Aghar Ballian	BT=1.00 MT=0.50 FW=0.50
6.	Const. of Symbol Chowa Dera Baba Ji road	Symbol Chowa	Dera	BT=10.50
7.	Const. of Kambal Danga road.	Reasi	Kambal Danga	BT=3.00
8.	Const. of approach road to Kotli Karwa high school	Karwa	Kotli	BT=1.50
9.	Up gradation/improvement of circular road Mahadev Temple	Reasi	Mahadev Ji Temple	BT=1.50
10.	Reasi Vijaypur road	Reasi	Vijaypur	BT=3.00
11.	Anji-Panasa extension to Dera Baba	Panasa	Dera Baba	BT-1.00
12.	Const. of road from Police line (Geeta nagar) to Goswan (Masjid)	Geeta Nagar	Police line	BT=1.50
13.	Improvement & Up-gradation of link road to village Gran	Gran Morh	Gran	BT=1.00
14.	Const. of road from Matlote to Pattain	Matlote	Pattain	SH=1.00 FW=0.50
15.	Cost. Of link road to Chenna Devta to Khad via Teni Mohalla	Chenana Devta	Teni Mohalla	BT=1.00
16.	Const of link roads in Arnas area viz Chinkah Kakra road and from Bidda to Taddar(Link road to Kakra)	Chinkah	Kakra	FW=0.50
17.	Extension of Jagati Drabi Bamyal road to Dera Baba ji road	Dera Baba ji	Jagti Drabi	FW=8.00
18.	Const of link road from Nai Basti to Trintha	Nai Basti	Trintha	BT=0.60
19.	Improvement/Up-gradation of Reasi-Vijaypur road	Reasi	Vijaypur	BT=3.00
20.	Const. of road from Dub to Riyala via Aundrian	Dub	Rayala	FW=0.80
21.	Const. of road from Ransoo to Taryath	Ransoo	Taryath	SH=1.00 FW=4.75
22.	Const. of Trintha to Mari road	Trintha	Mari	BT=1.50
23.	Link road from Karwa to Kotli via Krain Mohalla	Karwa	Krain Mohalla	BT=1.52
24.	Road from Bharak to Shaktinagar to Alia	Shaktinagar	Allia	SH=0.50 FW=0.90
25.	Road from Dharmatha to Judda	Dharmatha	Judda	FW=1.50
26.	Constt.of motorable bridge over Nallah rud with its approaches	Thanpal	Rud	BT=3.47
27.	Const. of road from Arnas to Thakrakote	Arnas	Thakrakote	BT=2.00 SH=2.00 MT=7.00

EARTHMOVING AND ROAD CLEANING EQUIPMENTS:

Name/type of vehicle	Quantity	Contact person		Address & Telephone
		Private	Govt.	
JCB	11	11	0	ExEn PWD Reasi 01991-244125
Tipper	13	13	0	Mobile 94191-64693

C.3 PREPAREDNESS APPARATUS

C 3.1 The control room is the nodal centre in terms of Disaster Management. Collecting and transmitting information to the appropriate places and persons. Giving warning in time to the people, receiving and providing information's, monitoring the preparedness and the relief and any work to be entrusted to the control room. Every information of the district should be available in the control room. Take precautions with all facilities to make it functional even when there is a failure of power etc. The control room has been set up in the Office of Deputy Commissioner (district level).

C 3.2 COMMUNITY EDUCATION AND PREPAREDNESS PROGRAMME

Community is the first and last to face the disasters. Equipping them, educating and preparing them for the recurring disaster is vital. The most vulnerable areas have been identified and periodic awareness programme to be provided at the Ward, Panchayat, Educational Institutions, Social organizations level etc. and also to involve community effectively in planning for disaster management A community, which is aware and equipped, will boldly face the disasters.

- Measures available for Promotion of Life/crop/property Insurance. Insurance is a safety against loss, the people to be educated and made aware to go for insurance against loss life, crop and property. The steps taken by the District Administration for the interface between the Insurance Agencies and the People in the vulnerable areas and adjoining areas are very important. The steps taken by the District Administration for safety of life, crop and property to be detailed.(awaited from c a o Reasi)

C 3.3 AVAILABLE PREPAREDNESS MEASURES WITH DIFFERENT GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS

Different departments have different role to play in disaster period. Preparedness depends upon, the manpower available, the training, equipments and the resources available with the various departments. Location wise infrastructural availability has been prepared. Whether the existing Preparedness is adequate or it has to be enhanced/obtained from other places also . Department wise contingency plan for preparedness for disasters have been prepared.(enclosed annexure....)

C 3.4 PUBLIC AND PRIVATE RESOURCES INVENTORY.

The resources available with both private and Government have been listed out. It covers all the details like medical shops, phone numbers, vehicles, trucks, tractors and buildings and all those, which could be used during disasters. Updated resource inventory will be very

handy in times of handling disasters.(annexure..)

1. Infrastructure available and its maintenance.

All the infrastructures available in the district in terms of health, traders, transporters, trained manpower and equipments like wireless, telephones, satellite facilities etc. has been listed out. Appendix-II.

2. Special Equipment Available.

Special equipments in working conditions are inevitable. The special equipments like, Earthmoving equipments, Rigs, Cranes, X-ray units, Water tankers, Mobile phones etc. to be listed out which could be used during the disasters. Appendix-III.

3. List of Vital Installations.

Dams, Defense Establishments, etc. to be listed and even during the pre-disaster period they have to be safeguarded. Separate plan to be kept ready to safeguard them.

Adequacy of Existing Inventory

During the earlier disasters, the District Disaster Management Committee would have felt certain deficiencies in infrastructure facilities in terms of warning systems, monitoring systems, industrial safety measures, fire services limitations in running control room, community preparedness etc. It is to be checked whether the resources are evenly distributed in the Districts. The deficiencies and the requirements have to be communicated with the district authorities from departments and from the district to the government and also with Defense Personnel for filling the gap. Procurement could also be made on priority basis.

“Chapter -5”

RESOURCES FOR EVACUATION

5.1 DETAIL OF SCHOOL BUILDING (GOVERNMENT)

S.No	Nos. of the school	Village	No. of rooms	Whether connected by road	Whether drinking water connection	Whether sanitary unit exist
1.	1018	List enclosed.	--	--	--	--

5.2 DETAILS OF ANGANWARI BUILDINGS (GOVT.)

S.No	Name of the Anganwari	Village	No. of rooms	Whether connected by road	Whether drinking water connection	Whether sanitary unit exist
1	1. Two in Reasi block. 2. Two in Arnas block 3. Two in Pouni block 4. Two in Mahore Block.	Seela & Mansoo -- -- --	One room at 8 places only.	Partially	--	--

5.3 DETAILS OF NGOS/SELF HELP GROUPS (SHGS)

S.No	Name of the NGO/SHG	Area of activity	Location of head office in the district	Contact person and Phone No.	Resources	
	--	--	--	--	Human	Material
	--	--	--	----		
	--	--	--	--		

“Chapter-6”

MITIGATION ACTIVITY PLANNING

Once the district vulnerability towards the disasters analyzed and rated then all development plans and programmes should address these disasters both directly and indirectly. Even at individual level as well as at district level this has to be addressed.. In the district plan itself there should be provisions for addressing these issues through both long/short term plan and programmes. Example- if the cattle pressure is heavy the breed improvement programme to be introduced.

6.1 LONG-TERM PREVENTION STRATEGIES AND MECHANISMS.

The steps taken by the District Disaster Managers to prevent the disasters like road accidents, which are unpredictable, steps taken to mitigate the disasters effect to be analyzed in detail. The cause of the disasters to be specifically identified. Drainage channels to be maintained periodically to prevent choking and causing landslides in hill areas. While laying roads in hills, the debris to be carefully removed and not to be thrown in the valley which triggers landslides. The wetlands to be maintained and water storage structures like ponds, lakes etc. to be desilted. In drought prone area, steps to conserve water and moisture both at individual, block/district level to be explored. Disinfections of water, afforestation, following the building codes and regulatory instructions and all the steps taken to prevent and reduce the disasters to be examined in detail. Awareness creation and periodic training, mock drill and mitigation of droughts, diverting the flooded water to the needy places, following building codes will fall under the long-term strategies. All preventive steps to be taken according to the need and the local situation. Under short term, according to the Disasters, such as, enforcing strict road regulations, fire line clearance to be followed.

6.2 DISASTER MITIGATION

6.2.1 SHORT TERM MEASURES.

When the disasters are inevitable the only way is to mitigate its impact, which could fall under the short term measures like immediate relief, reducing the response time to avert any losses, the basic needs of the vulnerable and affected people to be given. Those who have lost their properties, movables, those minimum essential items to be supplied, even smaller loans at a concessional rate for long/short term loan etc. (taccavi loan).

6.2.2 LONG TERM MEASURE

The Long Term Measures would be according to the disasters and need to be planned. In frequent fire accidents, Fire Service Stations to be set up, periodic checking, training the people etc. In case of flood, dams, water storage structures, desilting, bank protection and watershed management to be followed. Environmental degradation caused could be addressed by Watershed Management principles. Biomass production will be another Long Term Strategy. Planting trees, shrubs and promoting pastures to be taken in hand.

6.3 MITIGATION PLANS

6.3.1 STRUCTURAL

The disasters could be mitigated by putting structural solutions like dams, embankments stone walls, water storage pumps etc. These are costly and needs one time heavy investment. Example-Dams etc.

6.3.2 NON STRUCTURAL

The non-structural methods in handling disasters have been gradually evolved by the community with the traditional knowledge and strength, which have been time tested, economic, cost effective, user-friendly technology and local people themselves can do it. The non-structural mitigation plans to be made popular and encouraged as people themselves could do it. Financial incentives will encourage people to adopt it. Example- Coastal Mangrove Plantations, Casuarinas, Cashew Nut Trees, etc.

6.4 DETAILS OF ROADS AND BRIDGES

S.No	Name of road	Takeoff point	End destination	Total length	Width of road	Present Status (earth work/singled mettled/BT)
1.	Domel-Katra to Rajouri	Domel	Teryath	100 Kms	40 feet	BT
2.	Tikkri-Katra	Tikkri	Katra	15 Kms	30 feet	BT
3.	Reasi-Mahore	Reasi	Mahore	70 Kms	20 feet	Maximum earthwork
4.	Koteramka-Gool	Kundrandhan-Mahore	Budhan	100 Kms	30 feet	Single mettled/BT

6.5 COMMUNICATION FACILITIES

6.5.1 MEDIA

For monitoring, predicting and warning, disaster wise, the technology, the instruments, the monitoring stations, if available, to be listed out. _ Mass Media The number of local Newspapers, Radio Stations, TV Transmission Centres and Cable Operators to be listed out for use in times of Disaster.

S/No	Name of News papers	Phone/Fax No of Head office	Name of Local correspondent	Phone No. of correspondent
1	The Daily Excelsior	0191-2537055	Ramesh Mengi	9419156660
2	The State Time	--	--	--
3	Kashmir Times	--	Devinder Sharma	9419156400
4	The Hindustan Time	--	--	--
5	The Amar Ujala	--	Vikas Barru	9419156389
6	The Punjab Kesari	--	Kamlesh Misri	9419156001
7	The Hind Samachar	--	-do-	-do-
8	Dainik Jagran	--	Rajesh Dogra	9419672505

6.5.2 RADIO STATION

There is one radio station at Jammu, which can be very handy at the time of occurrence of any disaster.

6.5.3 CABLE OPERATORS

S.No	Name of Cable operator	Contact No.	Remarks
1.	Kalka & Ganpati	9419647375	--

6.5.4 DISTRICT COMMUNICATION NETWORK

The telecommunication facilities up to Block /Panchayats, Wireless Communications with Police/Forest/Fire, and publicity materials through pamphlets could be used. Messages through Transport Operators for remote areas, vehicles fitted with public announcement systems, Drum Beating, Information Centres, Notice Boards in Panchayats and in Public Places and any other mode of communication have been taken into account, through respective offices .

6.6 FLOOD CONTROL MEASURES

S.No	Name of river/Nallah	HFL	Location of guage	Contact No. and designation of employee
1.	Ans river		Arnas	Naib Tehsildar Arnas, 9906042340

“Chapter-7”

PREPAREDNESS ACTIVITIES PLANNING

7.1 PRE DISASTER PREVENTIVE MEASURES:

7.1.1 LONG TERM MEASURES- Various activities taken up as long term measures for earthquake disaster mitigation may include:

- Re-framing the building codes, guidelines, manuals and bye-laws and their proper implementation. Stricter legislation for highly seismic areas, in the regard.
- In high risk areas, all building should incorporate earthquake resistant features.
- Public utilities like water supply system, communication network, electricity lines etc. must be earthquake proof to reduce damages to the infrastructure facilities, alternative arrangement for the same must be developed.
- Community buildings and buildings used for gathering of large number of persons, like school, dharamshalas, hospitals, prayer halls, etc must be made earthquake resistant in seismic zones of moderate to high intensities. Supporting R&D in various aspects of disaster mitigation, preparedness and prevention and post disaster management. Improving educational curricula in architecture and engineering institutions and technical training in polytechnics and schools to include disaster related topics.

7.1.2 MEDIUM TERM MEASURES

- The medium term measures for earthquake disaster mitigation may be listed as follows :

- Retrofitting of the weak structures in the highly seismic zones.
- Preparation of literature in local languages with do's and don'ts for the building constructions.
- Getting community involved in the process of disaster mitigation by providing them proper education and awareness.
- Supporting local technical institutions/colleges/school to conduct research and to organize research and to organize exhibitions etc for public awareness.
- Networking of local NGOs working in the area of disaster management.

7.2 POST DISASTER PREVENTIVE MEASURES.

Short term measures- The urgent measures to be undertaken in the aftermath of a damaging earthquake will include the following:

Maintenance of law and order, prevention of trespassing, looting etc

Hazard Prevention/Mitigation Preparedness Response recovery

Hazard	Prevention/Mitigation	Preparedness	Response	Recovery
General Measures	1 Establishment building codes	1 Preparedness plans	1 Activate public warning	1 Damage insurance/loan and grants
	2 Provide tax incentives/disincentives	2. Training and exercise	2. Notify public authorities	Temporary housing
	Plan and zone land use	Warning system	Mobilise emergency/personnel equipment	Long terms medical care
	Building use regulations and safety codes	Communication system	Activate /EOC's	Unemployment insurance
	Enforce compliance	Evacuation plans and training	Declare disaster/evacuate	Inform the public
	Preventive health care	Resources inventories	Search and rescue	Health/safety education
	Public education	Personnel and contact list	Emergency suspension of laws	Begin reconstruction
	Train builders and carpenters	Mutual aid agreements	Damage assessment and needs analysis surveys	Counseling programmes
		Public information/education programmes		Economic impact studies
				Train builders/carpenters
Drought	Improve agriculture practice	Establish monitoring/warning system	Supplementary food for vulnerable population	Agricultural extension programmes
	Develop water resources	Stockpile drought resistant seeds	Feed for animals	Development of winter breaks

	Protect shrubs and trees	Inter institutional response plans	Emergency water supplies to communities.	Crop protection devices
	Emphasize animal husbandry	Information and education programmes	Seed for alternative crops	Employment creation programmes
			Monitor sanitation and potential epidemic	Price stabilization
				Maintain food security.
Earthquake	Map the hazard	Train builders	Emergency medical assistance	Repair and reconstruct critical services
	Promote insurance	Warning and preparedness programmes		Material and financial aid for repair and reconstruction of housing and public buildings
	Relocate communities	Develop		Economic programmes to create job to renovate the economics and
		Earthquake plans		
		Train team for search and rescue		
		Repair and reconstruct critical service		
		Material and financial aid for repair and reconstruction		
		Stock of medical supplies		
		Safe sites for relocation housing and public building		

Epidemic	School inoculations	Stockpile drug	Establish quarantine	Research into causes
	Eradicate rodents/insects	Physicians preparedness plan	Disinfect property	Long term restorative therapy
	Monitor water purification	Notify public	Secure bodies	
	Sanitary waste disposal	Quarantine regulations and plan	Isolate carriers	
	Health codes/laws/inspections	Authority for emergency medical action		
Fire	Fire codes and zoning	Fight drills	Fight fire	Raze burned out building
	Conduct inspections	Install exit signs	Contain fire	Rebuild
	Pass no smoking laws	Call boxes/smoke detectors	Activate mutual aid agreements	Reforest flood
	Provide fire	Mutual aid agreements		
	Safety information	Fire fighter training		
		Automatic sprinklers		
Flood	Construct/inspect dams	Temporary levees	Conduct air search	Decontaminate water sources
	Channelise streams	Monitor stream flow	Use helicopter/boat rescue	Replant crops
	Protection structures	Remove debris	Provide water purification	Pump out flooded basements
	Diversions structures	Sandbag		Monitor for disease
	Retention basins	Temporary flood proofing		Repair infrastructure
	Prevent deforestation	Develop plans		Provide assistance for agriculture recovery
	Reforest bare lands	Warning and evacuation procedures		
	Improve farming practices	Train first aid and trauma care		
	Flood proof buildings	Communication system.		

Landslide	Manage forests	Reinforce threatened structures	Assess stability of new formation	Re-seed denuded areas
	Preserve ground cover	Install land shift monitors	Reinforce against secondary slippage	Begin new land-use planning
	Stabilise slopes, construct drainage and terracing	Conduct community education	Evacuation	Relocate people
	Control runoff	Install monitoring, warning and evacuation system	Conduct search and rescue(use of earth moving equipment)	Begin agricultural recovery
	Relocate settlements		Provide emergency shelter for evacuees	
	Eliminate real estate disclosure law.		Provide medical assistance	
			Remove debris	

“Chapter -8”

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANNING

8.1 PLANNING FOR DISASTERS THAT CAN BE FOREWARNED

Time Frame	Activity	Responsibility
-72 hours to + 72 hours		

8.2 PLANNING FOR DISASTERS THAT CANNOT BE FOREWARNED

Time Frame	Activity	Responsibility
+15 hours to + 72 hours		

Evacuation of people

- Recovery of dead bodies and their disposal.
- Medical care for injured.
- Supply of food and drinking water.
- Temporary shelters like tents, metal sheds etc.
- Restoring lines of communication and information.
- Restoring transport routes.
- Quick assessment of damage and demarcation of damaged areas according to grade of damage.
- Cordoning off severely damaged structures that are liable to collapse during aftershocks. Co-ordination between various agencies involved in rescue and relief work is extremely important for success in avoiding gaps and duplication. Pre-disaster preparedness needs to be based on preparing likely damage scenario in probable earthquake occurrences and the estimate of extent of efforts required. The following preparedness actions will be useful:
 - Community should be trained in search, rescue and relief at the time of disaster in high-risk areas.
 - An extensive programme of mass drills may be very helpful in high-risk areas for earthquake damage reduction.
 - Local NGOs should be trained and their capacity and capabilities should be strengthened. Introducing earthquake disaster safety do's and don'ts and drills in schools.

- To organize training to field personnel of the states in the science and art of carrying out post disaster damage surveys, (a) for urgent relief purposes, (b) for repair, reconstruction and retrofitting purposes. Consolidation and reconstruction. An effort needs to be made in the emergency phase, to involve the affected people to the maximum extent so as to create a feeling of self-reliance. They need to be started as quickly as possible so that the period of relief is minimized.
- Detailed survey of building for assessment of damage and decision regarding repair, reconstruction and strengthening or demolition.
- Repair, reconstruction and seismic strengthening or demolition.
- Selection of sites for new settlements, if required.
- Execution of the reconstruction programme.
- Review of the existing seismic zoning maps and risk maps.
- Review of seismic codes and norms of construction.
- Training of personnel, engineers, architects, builders and masons.

Statistical studies regarding the earthquake.

8.3 CONTROL OF QUICK REACTION TEAMS

A control room for the district is set up in the D.C. Office and any information related to public flooding should be conveyed by the local field agencies or members of the agencies to the concerned Tehisldar/Sub Divisional Officer (Civil) who will inform the Deputy Commissioner. On receiving the information, the officer concerned shall immediately alert the Quick Reaction Team (QRT) and start rescue operation. For this purpose a number of QRTs have been constituted for the District.

S. No	Name of Sub Division	Name of officer	Tel No. (Office)	Tel No. (Resi)
1.	Katra	Sub Divisional Magistrate Katra	01991- 232019	9419214533(Mob)

The Sub Divisional Headquarters will be equipped as and when material received from higher authority .

8.3.1 ACTION BY HQRTS

On receiving information, QRT will reach the spot immediately to start Rescue Operation.

1. First priority is to rescue people from the flood.
2. Evacuating team from the calamity area and shifting them in safe houses such as nearby Government Schools/Panchayat Ghars/Recreation Centres/Mahila Mandal Bhawans etc.

3. Simultaneously, if there is any requirement for blankets/tarpauline intimate immediately to the concerned SDM who are to maintain sufficient stocks of the same.
4. Arrangements for food/ration etc to be made by the concerned SDMs with the help of Assistant Director CA & PD .
5. Immediate medical attention to the injured persons as well as transporting them to the nearest hospital. Last but not the least, it is necessary that all the concerned agencies function in coordination with each other so that the loss to human life and property due to natural calamities occurring frequently in the district is minimized.

8.4 CAPABILITY ANALYSIS :

8.4.1 INVENTORY AND EVALUATION RESOURCES :

Taking stock of resources available with District Administration, Private Individuals and different Govt. offices and their deployment at the time of Calamity for Relief/ Rescue Operation is of vital importance .

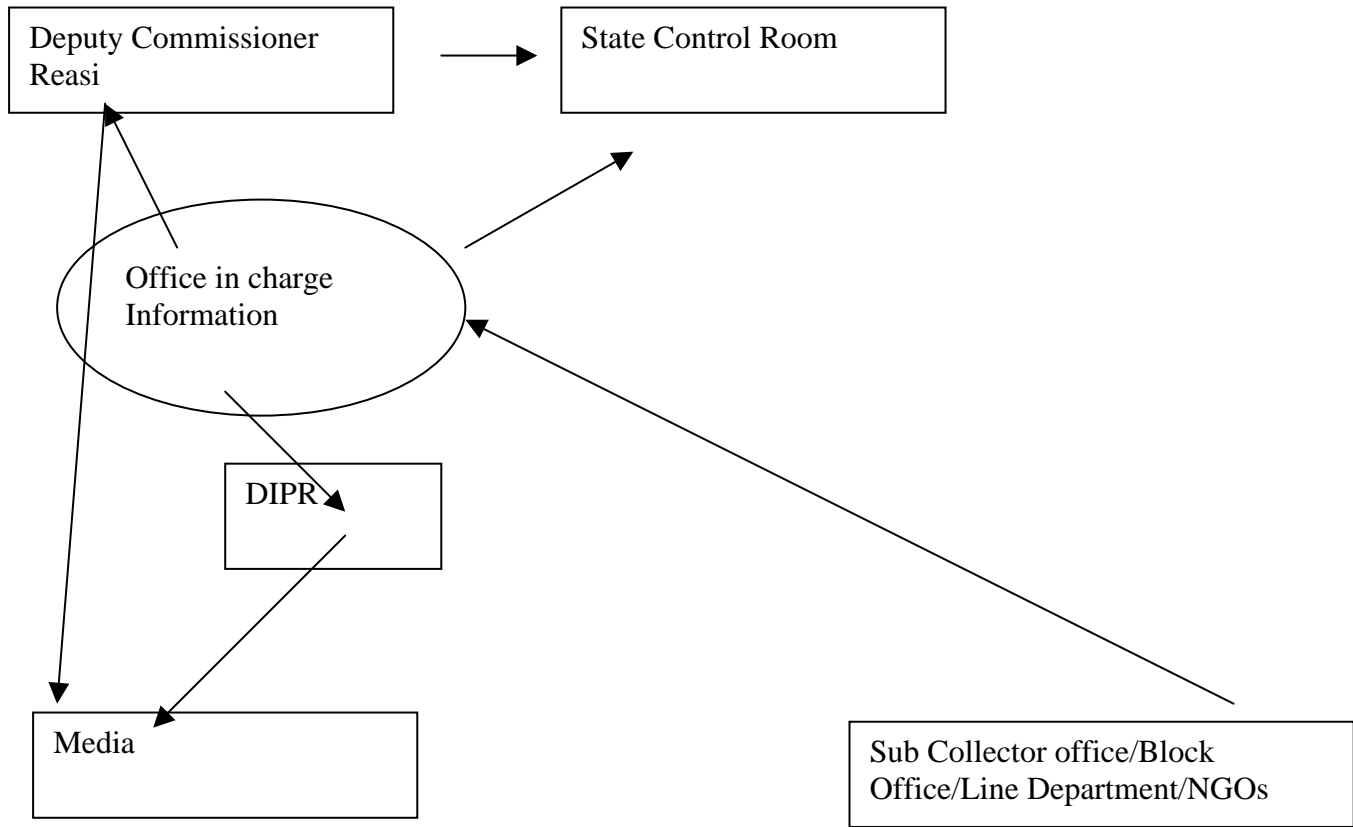
- Number of selected Safe places /shelters : _____
- School building cum safe shelters : 52+29
(High Schools/ Hr. Sec. Schools)
- School building cu safe shelters : 560+182
(Primary Schools / Middle Schools)

8.4.2 COMMUNICATION AND MEDIA :

In Disaster preparedness Media plays a capable role in building a communication network both horizontally and vertically. It stands in interaction with different section of the society , actors of relief administration , NGOs etc and feed the right information at the right time to the people .

The following ensures media involvement at different hierarchy of administration:

Communication and Media :



Administrative preparedness for different hazards

8.4.3 EARLY WARNING DISSEMINATION:

Setting up of control Room and manning of control room round the clock	All District level Officials.
Assignment of duties to the District level officials and BDOs	
Arrangement of vehicles and sound system for information dissemination	
NGO coordination and assignment of duties	
Proper record keeping and transmission of information to all the levels.	
Early Warning	
Holding of Natural calamity meeting	
Ensure functioning of warning systems and communication system	
Create awareness with the target groups	
Ensure mock drills	

8.4.4 EVACUATION

PREPAREDNESS	RESPONSIBILITY
To Warn people about the impending danger and to leave for safer places	All BDOs/DSWO CPO
To coordinate with Civil Defense NGOs, Police for support	Leading NGOs Police
Arrangement for boats/ vehicles for evacuation	Concerned Deptt. and individual for boats
Evacuate people of marooned areas and administer emergent relief .	
Organize trained task force members.	
Deployment of police for maintaining law and order and peace keeping during evacuation .	
Mobilize people to go to identified / safer shelters	
Deployment of Power / Country boats, buses / other vehicles as per need (Govt./ Private) for evacuation .	

PREPAREDNESS	RESPONSIBILITY
Deployment of Police / Fire Brigade for search and rescue	Police Fire Brigade Headmen SDM/Tehsildar BDOs Programme coordinator of NCC, NSS and Defence Units.
Co-ordination with the NCC/NSS / Civil Defence etc. for rescue operation .	
Ensure availability of the rescue materials	
Prepare inventory of shelter places and map indicating the safe shelters	
Provide & arrange Rescue kits at risk areas	

8.4.6 MEDICAL AID

Deployment of Medical staff	DM & HO DVO Medical Officer of PHC/CHCs
Stock pilling of life saving drugs / ORS packets / Halogens tablets.	
Treatment of the injured persons and transportation of the injured to the hospitals.	
Awareness messages to stop the outbreak of epidemics	
Disease surveillance and transmission of report to the higher authorities on a daily basis .	
Vaccination	
Constitute mobilize teams and visit the worst affected areas.	
Dis-infection of drinking water sources	
Identification of site operation camps	
To obtain / transmit information on natural calamities to District Control Room.	
Advance inoculation programme in the flood/ snow tsunami areas.	
Arrangement of fodder/ medicines for the animals	
Vaccination, Operation Camps, Carcasses disposal	

8.4.7 SHELTER MANAGEMENT

PREPAREDNESS	RESPONSIBILITY
Identification of Shelter / Temporary shelters I high and elevated places and arrangement of tent etc.	BDOs Headman PWD RTO TLDMC
Arrangement of Food/ Drinking water / Medicine in the shelter places	
Persons allocation for each shelter	
Arrangement for transportation	
Arrangement for safe shelter for animals	
Providing the lighting facilities for shelter places	
Deployment of Police Personal	
Temporary supply of safe drinking water	

8.4.8 EMERGENT RELIEF/FREE KITCHEN OPERATION

PREPAREDNESS	RESPONSIBILITY
Deployment of vehicles	BDOs Headman Paramilitary forces Police PWD PHE TLDMC
Procurement and transportation of Relief materials to affected pockets / areas	
Arrangements of free kitchen in the shelter camps and affected areas	
Assigning responsibilities to officials for distribution of emergent relief / running of free kitchens	
Coordination with the NGOs / other Voluntary Organization for continuing Relief Operation	
Monitoring	

**8.4.9 HEALTH AND SANITATION RESPONSE STRUCTURE PREPAREDNESS
RESPONSIBILITY**

PREPAREDNESS	RESPONSIBILITY
List of Medical staff members with contact address and telephone numbers	DM & HO SDM/Tehsildar BDOs Medical officer Paramilitary Police PWD RTO
Stock position of Medicines at District/ Sub Division /PHC/CHC	
Plan and indent position of stocks	
Trained voluntary staffs / task forces/ Anganwadi workers on use and providing minimum Health services to the community	
Arrangement of Mobile Health units for inaccessible pockets / Health awareness campaign	
Stock position of medicines for animals	
Ensuring supply of safe drinking water arrangement for supply of safe drinking water	
Disinfectant for purification of water	
Involvement of volunteers and village level workers	

8.4.10 INFRASTRUCTURE RESTORATION

PREPAREDNESS	RESPONSIBILITY
Formation of task forces with specific equipment	PWD NH Div.
Assigning responsibilities for specific areas	PWD (R&B)
Emergency cleaning of debris for enabled reconnaissance	RTO
Coordinate road cleaning activities to assist local relief work	All line department
Begin clearing road, assemble casual labour provide a work team carrying emergency tool kit	All Headman
Towing vehicles Earth moving equipments, cranes, construct temporary roads	BDOs
Keep National and other Highways clear from disaster effects.	

8.5 POST DISASTER

Preparation	Objective	Action
Distribution of Relief/Emergent relief as per the provision	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To provide immediate fooding to save effected people from starvation 	ADM/Tehsildars, BDOs, Executive Office at Urban Level Bodies other non Govt. Agencies.
Assessment of enumeration of dame	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To ascertain the exact loss for projection before Govt. 	All line Deptt./BDOs coordination superintending Engineers SDM/Tehsildars
Monitoring relief operation organized by outside agencies/read cross NGOs other states etc. through District Administration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To maintain uniformity of Relief administration 	Dy. Commissioner/ SDM Tehsildar
Restoration of communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For timely and prompt delivery transportation 	Executive Engineer R&B, Rural Works, Military and ----
Restoration of Electronic communication system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To ensure proper coordination linkage 	BSNL/Technocrat of Police Signals
Immediate arrangement of free kitchen/shelter camps in the cutoff or inaccessible areas	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To avoid starvation and further deterioration both health and environment 	SDM/Tehsildar/BDO/Executive Officer urban level bodies NGOs

Ensuring transportation of relief material to effect pockets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To reach immediately after abatement of calamity with helping hands for development of confidence among the effected people 	DDC/RTOs/SDOs/BDOs
Ensuring safeguarding of belonging of the evacuees and maintenance of law and order	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To prevent anti social activities. 	Civil defence authority police/NGOs
Ensuring safe availability of drinking water, provision of medical facilities and minimum sanitation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To check health hazards especially during calamity 	CMO/Executive Engineer PHE
Removal of debris and dispose of carcasses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For environmental equilibrium 	Police personnel/Executive Officer Urban level Bodies/NGOs
Helping the evacuees to return to their homes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For settlement of the evacuees with their belonging after normalcy 	DSWO
Meeting officers of both District level and field level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fore better coordination and corial carrying of ----- 	Dy. Commissioner DPO, PO DRDA at district level and
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ----- ascertain the progress thereof. 	
Collection of information by a core group DCR and submission of daily situation report to Govt. through Dy. Commissioner keeping liaison with filed and state Govt. and interaction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Triangulr linkages between filed district and state control room and other state level officials for taking further follow up actions on war footing 	DPO/SDMs/BDOs/NGOs
Documentation of the entire event black and white/audio and video	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To take stock of the day to day activities, sort out bottlenecks for proper implementation to relief restoration/rehabilitation programme 	Dy. Commissioner DPO

8.6 SENSITIVITY

Normal people remain angry and impatient during time of Natural calamity, every Government officers must be Police/patient and cautious in public dealings in this time.

Disaster specific measures and approaches

PROFORMA OF 'IN' MESSAGE REGISTER:-

S.No	Date	Time of receipt	In message S. No	Received from	Address to	Message transferred to	Copies to	Model (WL)/Tel/of receipt	Instruction follow upto be done

PROFORMA FOR 'OUT' MESSAGE REGISTER:-

S.No	Date	Time of dispatch	Out message S. No	Dispatch to	Address to	Message transferred to	Copies to	Model (WL)/Tel/of receipt	Instruction follow upto be done

8.7 PLAN UPDATE – FIXED DATE AND RESPONSIBILITY :

The plan shall be updated in the district level _D D M Committee meeting in its first meet during the APRIL –MAY months of every year keeping in view the pas experiences . the line department officials , revenue , filed functionaries and BDOs are responsible of feeding up to date information on each sector of relief operation for incorporation in time in the **District Disaster Management Plan**

8.7.1 INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

At the District level

Responsibilities of the Department commissioner SP DPO , ADC , DIO , CMO DC Supply AH & VD, PHE and other Line Departments DC/CPO/ ADDC

- Assigning specific responsibilities to different agencies .
- Coordination with all line department and other agencies .
- Liaison with Revenue Depttt / SSC SNA
- Ensure availability of vulnerability map of Block village
- Have a list of resource inventory

- List of cut off areas with safe route maps for communication
- List of storage facilities dealers of food
- Control room set up / assignment for control room duty .
- Pre position of staff for site operation centre
- Arrangement of alternative communication generator set etc.
- Arrangement of vehicles boats etc.

8.8 DISTRICT CONTROL ROOM AND LINKAGES WITH OTHER CONTROL ROOMS

Coordination and linkages with District level Officers and field officer

S.No	Time	Coordination linkage
1.	Preparedness	Consideration the gravity of the situation the DC shall convene the District level Natural Calamity meeting whenever required.
2.	Pre-crisis after warning	<p>Meeting with District level officers/officials at Head quarter and chock out emergency plan with vulnerable area and resource list.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordination meeting with NGOs • Assignment of duties. • Pre-positioning of staff in the likely • Arrange food and other basic requirement fro emergency response • Collect information from different areas and to act accordingly.
3.	During crises	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordination meeting with officials at headquarters by 12 hours intervals and 24 hours interval with the filed officials. • Regular collection of situation report of the risk and vulnerable area from the officials assigned for the purpose. • Provision of the administering emergent relief and the other basic needs. • Keeping inform DC supply for supply of food articles procuring from FCI / whole sellers. • Deputation of volunteers of different probable affected areas • Keeping regular contact with State Control Room • Helping evacuees for returning k to their homes • Immediate arrangement of free kitchen in the cut off and inaccessible area • Relief distribution • Monitoring of relief distribution • Provision of drinking water • Provision of medical facilities • Repair / restoration of roads. • Transportation of relief and Human resources • Keeping regular contact with State Control room

8.9 ARRANGEMENTS IN THE DISTRICT CONTROL ROOM

Ensuring that the DCR is equipped with

- List of resource persons with contact addressed,
- Data base on Resource and Inventory
- First Aid and other basic medical assistance.
- One retiring room with adequate facilities
- Generator sets/ Emergency light / candles etc.
- Telephone , Fax.
- P.C n order with printer and modem
- Thermometer, Fire extinguisher , white hard and soft board.

“Chapter-9”

BUDGET

Name of activity	Estimated cost	Remarks
Cost of disaster mitigation activity		
New Infrastructure const., if required	2145.13 lacs	
Repair of existing infrastructure	--	
New equipments	445.00 lacs	
Repair of existing equipment	--	
Manpower		
Preparation and printing of IEC material	10 lacs	
Cost of preparedness activities		
Training and capacity building	20.00 lacs	
Procurement of essential material for relief	50.00 lacs	
Conduct of mock drill	5.00 lacs	
Early warning of communities.	10.00 lacs	
Evacuation to safe places	35.00 lacs	
Procurement of equipment if required.	Nil	
Total cost.	2720.13 lacs	

“Annexure”

1. Emergency contact Numbers of Responsible Officials.

Name	Position	Telephone No.		
		Office	Residence LL	Mobile
Sh.Pandurang K.Pole(IAS)	Dy. Com.Reasi	01991-245587	01991-244121	9419114253
Sh.Anand Jain(IPS)	Sr.Suptt. of Police Reasi	01991-244663	01991-245291	9419000916
Sh.Avtar Singh	Addl.Dy.Com. Reasi	01991-245599	01991-245599	9419892967
Sh.Sukhdev Singh	Asstt.Com.Reasi	01991-244123	01991-244123	9419135711
Sh.Hanief Malik	SDM Mahore	01999-222211	01999-222211	9419808886
Sh.Mohd Rashid	SDPO Reasi	01991-244163	--	9419156041
Sh.Sher Singh	Tehsildar Reasi	01991-244310	01991-244310	9419123373
Sh.R.C.Tripathi	Tehsildar Mahore	0199-222202	--	9419806664
Army Helpline		245319/ 245138		
Comdd. IRP ,Reasi		244251		
Army Exchange		245327/ 245286		
BSF Bidda		227590		
Control Room CISF Jyotipurma		277222		
Co.CRPF, Katra		232730		
Co. GOC-CIF(U) Reasi		245057		
CO 13 BRTF Akhnoor		01924-252216		
CO 104 RCC				9858510451
CO 57 RCC				9419141637
35 BRTF, Udhampur		273881		
31 BRTF, Rajouri		01962-261551		
CMO Reasi		245669		
GM NHPC Jyotipuram		255433/ 255833		

2. List of Hospitals and Health centres

Name of Hospital/Health centre and address	No. of Doctors	Facilities available			
		No. of beds	Ambulances	Blood Bank	X-ray machine
District Hospital Reasi	13	32	Yes 2	No	Yes
CHC Katra	12	30	Yes 2	No	Yes
CHC Mahore	3	6	Yes 1	No	Yes
PHC Arnas	3	10	No	No	Yes
PHC Gota	4	2	Yes 1	No	No
PHC Dharmari	4	10	Yes 1	No	Yes
PHC Banna	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Bhagodas	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Miyari	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Laiter	4	6	Yes 1	No	No
PHC Panasa	1	2	No	No	No
PHC Bharakh	2	6	Yes 1	No	No
PHC Pouni	3	10	Yes 1	No	Yes
PHC Tote	2	2	No	No	No

Name of Doctors Available in District Hospital Reasi & their Phone Numbers

S.No.	Name & Designation	Contact No.
1	Dr. Daljeet Singh (Medical Supdt.)	9419234931
2	Dr. Pritam Singh (Medical Officer)	9419271246
3	Dr. Inderjit Singh (Physician)	9419672502
4	Dr. Madan Gandotra (Ortho Surgeon)	9419183083
5	Dr. Inderpal Singh (ENT)	94191-92979
6	Dr. Mohan Atri (Surgeon Specialist)	9419175056
7	Dr. Updesh Kumar (Anesthetist)	94192-31467
8	Dr. Pooja Bhagat (Gynecologist)	9419883900
9	Dr. Sneh Lata (Asstt. Surgeon)	9858221800
10	Dr. Harvinder Singh (Asstt. Surgeon)	9419112079
11	Dr. Ravi Bharti (Pediatrician)	9419193129
12	Dr. Sunil Raina (Dental Surgeon)	9419381543
13	Dr. Sudesh Raina (Gynecologist)	9419285519

List of Doctors Available at CHC Katra

S.No.	Name and Designation	Phone No.
1	Dr.Gopal Dutt (Asstt. Surgon) (BMO Incharge)	9419354722
2	Dr. C.R. Shivgotra (Surgeon Speicalist)	9419195088
3	Dr. Anila Koul(Gynecologist)	
4	Dr. Kewal Samotra (Pediatician)	9419189791
5	Dr. Rajan Gupta (Anaesthetist)	941964626
6	Dr. Anju Bala (MO)	9419148220
7	Dr. Dimple Gupta (Sonologist)	9419285268
8	Dr. Babli Bhardwaj (Sonologist)	9419293976
9	Dr. Sona Dogra (MO)	9419110762
10	Dr. Harjit Rai (Ortho Surgeon)	9419134458
11	Dr. Badri Nath (Asstt. Surgeon)	
12	Dr. Munish Mahajan (Dental Surgeon)	9419184119
	A.D.Bhawan	01991201818

3. List of mobile vans/ambulances

List of Ambulances & Their Numbers

S.No.	Location	Incharge	Ambulance No.	Phone No.'s
1	Reasi	Med. Supdt.	JK02 5105	01991-244242
		Med. Supdt.	JK02 6105	
2	Katra	BMO Katra	JK02T 6709	01991-232127
			Tempo	
			JK02L 3052	
			Temo	
			DL1A 1639	
3	Mahore	BMO Mahore	JK14 5601	01999-222201
			JK14 8530	
			JK14 3738	
			JK14 7041 TC	
4	Pouni	BMO Pouni	JK14 2334	01991-256604
			JK02B 805	
			JK02C 5463	

Tempororary Shelters at the time of evacuation.

S.NO	Zone	Name of the School & Village	Machinery Equipment	Infrastructure		Water Facility	Sanitary unit
				Rooms	Ground		
1	Reasi	HSS Boys Reasi	Gen set	15	12kan	Yes	Yes
2	Reasi	HSS Girls Reasi	Gen set	10	3 kan	Yes	Yes
3	Reasi	HSS Katra	Gen set	10	7 kan	Yes	Yes
4	Reasi	HSS Tote	-----	10	2.5 kan	Yes	Yes
5	Reasi	HSS Panthal	-----	15	6kan	Yes	Yes
6	Pouni	HSS Bharakh	-----	13	3 kan	Yes	Yes
7	Pouni	HSS Pouni	Gen set	19	19 kan	Yes	Yes
8	Chinkah	HSS Salal	-----	8	2 kan	Yes	Yes
9	Chinkah	HSS Pannassa	-----	6	3 kan	Yes	Yes
10	Arnas	HSS Arnas	Gen set	14	5 kan	Yes	Yes
11	Arnas	HSS Dharmari	-----	12	1 kan	Yes	Yes
12	Arnas	HSS Judda	-----	9	5 kan	Yes	Yes
13	Arnas	HSS Bhaller	-----	5	3 kan	Yes	Yes
14	Mahore	HSS Mahore	-----	17	3 kan	Yes	Yes
15	Mahore	HSS Gulab garh	-----	6	1.5 kan	Yes	Yes
16	Mahore	HSS Shajroo	-----	7	2 kan	Yes	Yes
17	Chassana	HSS Gota	-----	10	2 kan	Yes	Yes
18	Chassana	HSS Balmatkote	-----	6	1 kan	Yes	Yes
19	Chassana	HSS Channa	-----	11	7 kan	Yes	Yes
20	Reasi	GHS Katra	-----	18	1 kan	Yes	Yes
21	Reasi	HS Latori Dhanori	-----	10	2 kan	Yes	Yes
22	Reasi	HS Aghar Jitto	-----	15	5 kan	Yes	Yes
23	Reasi	HS Bagdhar	-----	4	4 kan	Yes	Yes
24	Reasi	HS Gran	-----	4	3 kan	Yes	Yes
25	Reasi	HS Kambal Danga	-----	8	3 kan	Yes	Yes
26	Reasi	HS Kanjali	-----	6	5 kan	Yes	Yes
27	Reasi	HS Kotli Bhaga	-----	9	5.5 kan	Yes	Yes
28	Reasi	HS Kundra	-----	10	6 kan	Yes	Yes
29	Reasi	HS Nomain	-----	11	1.5 kan	Yes	Yes

30	Reasi	HS Sirah	-----	7	10kan	Yes	Yes
31	Reasi	HS Sirla Bhaga	-----	10	9 kan	Yes	Yes
32	Pouni	HS Dadua	-----	7	11 kan	Yes	Yes
33	Pouni	GHS Pouni	-----	16	6 kan	Yes	Yes
34	Pouni	HS Kheral	-----	6	8 kan	Yes	Yes
35	Pouni	HS Kheralair	-----	10	22 kan	Yes	Yes
36	Pouni	HS Kund Khanyari	-----	5	1 kan	Yes	Yes
37	Pouni	HS Ransoo	-----	12	6 kan	Yes	Yes
38	Pouni	HS Laiter	-----	14	6 kan	Yes	Yes
39	Mahore	HS Lar	-----	7	1 kan	Yes	Yes
40	Mahore	HS Jamlan	-----	10	5.5 kan	Yes	Yes
41	Mahore	HS Dewal	-----	4	3.5 kan	Yes	Yes
42	Mahore	HS Bagga	-----	8	0.5 kan	Yes	Yes
43	Mahore	HS Tukson	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	Yes
44	Mahore	HS Buddan	-----	12	7 kan	Yes	Yes
45	Chinkah	HS Ser Sundwan	-----	8	4 kan	Yes	Yes
46	Chinkah	HS Dharan	-----	4	2 kan	Yes	Yes
47	Chinkah	HS Sujandhar	-----	5	2.5 kan	Yes	Yes
48	Chinkah	HS Garhi	-----	5	4 kan	Yes	Yes
49	Chinkah	HS Choura Kote	-----	4	2 kan	Yes	Yes
50	Arnas	HS Khani Kote	-----	5	2 kan	Yes	Yes
51	Arnas	HS Bassan	-----	5	1 kan	Yes	Yes
52	Arnas	HS Dhanour	-----	8	6 kan	Yes	Yes
53	Arnas	HS Pattian	-----	6	1 kan	Yes	Yes
54	Arnas	HS Dharmathan	-----	4	2 kan	Yes	Yes
55	Arnas	HS Thuroo	-----	9	0.5 kan	Yes	Yes
56	Arnas	HS Chillad	-----	4	2 kan	Yes	No
57	Chassana	HS Maman Kote	-----	5	2.5 kan	No	No
58	Chassana	HS Bagan Kote	-----	4	1 kan	No	No
59	Chassana	HS Singli Kote	-----	5	1 kan	No	No
60	Chassana	HS Banna	-----	4	0.5 kan	No	No
61	Chassana	HS Manji Kote	-----	3	1 kan	No	No
62	Chassana	HS Baddar	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	No
63	Chassana	HS Tharal	-----	4	2 kan	Yes	No

64	Reasi	GMS Hansali	-----	6	3.5 kan	Yes	No
65	Reasi	MS Arli	-----	4	2.5 kan	Yes	No
66	Reasi	MS Batan	-----	8	4 kan	Yes	No
67	Reasi	MS Aghar Ballian	-----	7	2 kan	Yes	No
68	Reasi	MS DIET Reasi	-----	7	4 kan	Yes	No
69	Reasi	MS Chapanno (SSA)	-----	4	2 kan	Yes	No
70	Reasi	MS D.B. Banda (SSA)	-----	7	3.5 kan	No	No
71	Reasi	MS Danga Kote (SSA)	-----	2	1.5 kan	No	No
72	Reasi	MS Devigarh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
73	Reasi	MS Ghair Mari	-----	5	5 kan	Yes	Yes
74	Reasi	MS Kundrorian	-----	7	2 kan	Yes	Yes
75	Reasi	MS Purana Daroor	-----	8	0.5 kan	Yes	Yes
76	Reasi	MS Panasa	-----	5	3.5 kan	Yes	Yes
77	Reasi	MS Sarna	-----	2	2.5 kan	Yes	Yes
78	Reasi	MS Sukhal Ghati	-----	2	4 kan	Yes	No
79	Reasi	GMS Gran	-----	3	2 kan	Yes	Yes
80	Reasi	MS Katra	-----	6	1 kan	Yes	Yes
81	Reasi	MS Anji	-----	4	3 kan	Yes	No
82	Reasi	MS Sanji Chatt	-----	6	2 kan	Yes	Yes
83	Reasi	MS Seri Pangal (SSA)	-----	5	3 kan	Yes	Yes
84	Reasi	MS Seela	-----	6	8.5 kan	Yes	Yes
85	Reasi	MS Sarhi	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
86	Reasi	MS Vijaypur	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	Yes
87	Reasi	MS Charala Kote	-----	4	2 kan	Yes	No
88	Reasi	MS Karua	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	Yes
89	Reasi	MS Tanda	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	Yes
90	Reasi	MS Garn	-----	6	2 kan	Yes	Yes
91	Reasi	MS Nangal	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	Yes
92	Reasi	MS Karyanee	-----	2	2 kan	Yes	Yes
93	Reasi	MS Doomar	-----	3	3 kan	Yes	Yes
94	Reasi	MS Bhabber	-----	2	2 kan	Yes	Yes
95	Reasi	MS Gabber	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
96	Reasi	MS Bhaga	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No

97	Reasi	GMS Sherpur	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
98	Reasi	MS Seela	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
99	Reasi	MMS Bhaga Pai	-----	1	1 kan	Yes	Yes
100	Reasi	MS Kandyar	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
101	Reasi	MS Dadoora	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	Yes
102	Reasi	MS Manoon	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
103	Reasi	MS Pamote	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
104	Reasi	GMS Panthal	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
105	Reasi	MS Theerthi	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
106	Reasi	GMS Chamba	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
107	Reasi	GMS Paroh	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
108	Reasi	MS Moori	-----	6	1 kan	Yes	Yes
109	Chinkah	MS Chinkah	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	Yes
110	Chinkah	MS Sai Lanjan	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	Yes
111	Chinkah	MS Bidda	-----	5	1 kan	Yes	Yes
112	Chinkah	MS Salal Kotli	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
113	Chinkah	MS Matah	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
114	Chinkah	MS Baldanoo	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
115	Chinkah	MS Thakra Kote	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
116	Chinkah	MS Jhandi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
117	Chinkah	MS Kakara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
118	Chinkah	MS Gabber	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
119	Chinkah	MS Bakal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
120	Chinkah	MS Ser Megha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
121	Chinkah	MS Kothroo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
122	Chinkah	MS Kanota	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
123	Chinkah	MS Sai	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
124	Chinkah	MS Bagli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
125	Chinkah	MS Ladha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
126	Chinkah	MS Thub	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
127	Chinkah	MS Nallah Panasa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
128	Chinkah	MS Nomal	-----	1	1 kan	Yes	No
129	Chinkah	MS Gundali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
130	Chinkah	MS Kabbi	-----	1	1 kan	Yes	No

131	Chinkah	MS Sarangdhar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
132	Chinkah	MS Kansar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
133	Chinkah	MS Thanole	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
134	Chinkah	MS Bagansal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
135	Chinkah	MS Chakalwalan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
136	Chinkah	Migrant MS Talwara	-----	6	1 kan	Yes	Yes
137	Pouni	MS Pouni	-----	4	4 kan	Yes	Yes
138	Pouni	GMS Bharakh	-----	7	1.5 kan	Yes	Yes
139	Pouni	GMS Theote	-----	5	10 kan	Yes	No
140	Pouni	MS Poura Kotla	-----	7	23 kan	Yes	Yes
141	Pouni	MS Bimbliya	-----	3	2.5 kan	Yes	No
142	Pouni	GMS Kothian	-----	7	6 kan	Yes	Yes
143	Pouni	GMS Sudheen	-----	8	1 kan	Yes	Yes
144	Pouni	MS Reyalla	-----	6	4 kan	Yes	Yes
145	Pouni	MS Bhambla	-----	6	5 kan	Yes	Yes
146	Pouni	MS Goddar	-----	4	3.5 kan	Yes	No
147	Pouni	MS Lair	-----	4	-----	Yes	No
148	Pouni	MS Kanah	-----	6	1 kan	Yes	No
149	Pouni	MS Saloon	-----	5	1 kan	Yes	Yes
150	Pouni	GMS Dhanwa	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
151	Pouni	GMS Gunn	-----	6	1 kan	Yes	Yes
152	Pouni	MS Nagar	-----	5	1 kan	Yes	Yes
153	Pouni	GMS Talwara	-----	8	1 kan	Yes	Yes
154	Pouni	MS Jerri	-----	3	3 kan	Yes	Yes
155	Pouni	MS Kharoti	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
156	Pouni	MS Beulian	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	Yes
157	Pouni	MS DabJagir	-----	4	6 kan	Yes	Yes
158	Pouni	GMS Allya	-----	3	14 kan	Yes	Yes
159	Pouni	MS Kheral	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
160	Pouni	MS Nalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
161	Pouni	MS Malair	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
162	Pouni	MS Sungal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
163	Pouni	GMS Dungi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	Yes
164	Pouni	MMS Kansknassa	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	Yes

165	Pouni	MS Kans Brahmana	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	Yes
166	Pouni	MS Theroo	-----	3	-----	Yes	No
167	Arnas	MS Arnas	-----	5	1 kan	Yes	Yes
168	Arnas	GMS Arnas	-----	7	7 kan	Yes	Yes
169	Arnas	MS Bia Gundi	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
170	Arnas	MS Brala	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	No
171	Arnas	MS Chan	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
172	Arnas	MS Dhandli	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
173	Arnas	MS Guussaie	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
174	Arnas	MS Hunder	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
175	Arnas	GMS Judda	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
176	Arnas	GMS Kanthan	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
177	Arnas	MS Lassoli	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
178	Arnas	GMS Matlote	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
179	Arnas	MS Sawala Kote (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
180	Arnas	GMS Tringa	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
181	Arnas	MS Khad	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
182	Arnas	MS Sarthal Kote (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
183	Arnas	MS Upper Kund	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
184	Arnas	MS Sulkh	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
185	Arnas	MS Suru Kote	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	No
186	Arnas	GMS Thuroo	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
187	Arnas	MS Dugga	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	No
188	Arnas	MS Bagga (J)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
189	Arnas	MS Chuch	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
190	Arnas	MS Karaka	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
191	Arnas	MS Kouri	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
192	Arnas	MS Matlote	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	No
193	Arnas	MS Sarundi	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	No
194	Arnas	MS Barnelly	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	No
195	Arnas	MS Kanthi	-----	3	1.5 kan	Yes	No
196	Arnas	MS Mahal	-----	2	1.5 kan	Yes	No
197	Arnas	MS Thilloo	-----	2	1.5 kan	Yes	No
198	Mahore	MS Hariwala	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No

199	Mahore	MS Sildhar	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
200	Mahore	MS Lancha	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
201	Mahore	MS Chaklass	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
202	Mahore	MS Jaller	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
203	Mahore	MS Karamkatha	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
204	Mahore	GMS Budhan	-----	4	1 kan	Yes	No
205	Mahore	MS Budhan Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
206	Mahore	MMS Bhall	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
207	Mahore	MS Nihoch	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
208	Mahore	MS Shibrass	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
209	Mahore	MS Gulabgarah	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
210	Mahore	MS Jamslan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
211	Mahore	MS Mulash	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
212	Mahore	MS Sarh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
213	Mahore	MS Dhaka	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
214	Mahore	MS Shedol	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
215	Mahore	MS Khore (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
216	Mahore	MS Kalwa (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
217	Mahore	MS Sohab (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
218	Mahore	MS Angrala (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
219	Mahore	MS Ladh (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
220	Mahore	MS Arvais (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
221	Mahore	MS Barmidhar (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
222	Mahore	MS Bransal (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
223	Mahore	MS Bangam (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
224	Mahore	GMS Trambala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
225	Mahore	GMS Malai	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
226	Mahore	GMSGanjote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
227	Mahore	GMS Gamgali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
228	Mahore	GMS Khara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
229	Mahore	MS Cheeral	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
230	Mahore	MS Chitta Bass	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
231	Mahore	MMS Suli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
232	Mahore	MS Dadda	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

233	Mahore	GMS Chachi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
234	Mahore	MS Mahore	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
235	Mahore	MS Bathoi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
236	Mahore	MS Bakhteer	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
237	Mahore	MS Chakrass	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
238	Mahore	MS Mulass Narh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
239	Mahore	GMS Mahore	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	Yes
240	Chassana	MS Kunderdan (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
241	Chassana	MS Bher (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
242	Chassana	MS Mohramal	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
243	Chassana	MS Shikhari	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
244	Chassana	MS Dhamani (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
245	Chassana	MS Kotli (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
246	Chassana	MS Sungri (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
247	Chassana	MS Hamosan (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
248	Chassana	MS Danda Kote	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
249	Chassana	MS Baggodass (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
250	Chassana	MS Karara (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
251	Chassana	MS Tuli (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
252	Chassana	MS Majrakund (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
253	Chassana	MS Larh (SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
254	Chassana	MS Khalla	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
255	Chassana	GMS Gulabpura	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
256	Chassana	MMS Kalaban	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
257	Chassana	MS Thalkote	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
258	Chassana	MS Sarsote(SSA)	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
259	Chassana	MS Mali Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
260	Chassana	MS Chassana	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
261	Chassana	MS Kerchatali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
262	Chassana	MS Phagoli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
263	Chassana	MS Dharman	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
264	Chassana	MS Kewali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
265	Chassana	MS Tundergarh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

266	Chassana	MS Sukka	-----	3	1 kan	Yes	No
267	Reasi	MMS Raslian Pai	-----	1	1 kan	Yes	No
268	Reasi	PS Parathal (Sukhal Ghati)	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
269	Reasi	PS Satoi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
270	Reasi	PS Phagori	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
271	Reasi	PS Ratnote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
272	Reasi	PS Sarote Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
273	Reasi	PS Katra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
274	Reasi	PS W.No.1 Katra	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
275	Reasi	PS W. No.3 Katra	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
276	Reasi	PS W. No. 4 Katra	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
277	Reasi	PS W. No. 8 Katra	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
278	Reasi	PS W. No. 10 Katra	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
279	Reasi	PS W. No. 11 Katra	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
280	Reasi	PS Latori	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
281	Reasi	PS Drabi (Nomain)	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
282	Reasi	PS Didi Pangal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
283	Reasi	PS Palial	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
284	Reasi	PS Natali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
285	Reasi	PS Saroon	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
286	Reasi	PS Quoon	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
287	Reasi	PS Mansoo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
288	Reasi	PS Kundra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
289	Reasi	PS Dabbian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
290	Reasi	PS Rajwal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
291	Reasi	PS Dassanoo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
292	Reasi	PS Simbal Choa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
293	Reasi	PS Saldi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
294	Reasi	PS Lalasian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
295	Reasi	PS Kotli Manotrian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
296	Reasi	PS Kalara Chanjute	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
297	Reasi	PS Kanka	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
298	Reasi	PS Lornoo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
299	Reasi	PS Jullah	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

300	Reasi	PS Dhanoo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
301	Reasi	PS W.No.1 Reasi	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
302	Reasi	PS W.No.5 Reasi	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
303	Reasi	PS W.No.13 Reasi	-----	-----	-----	Yes	No
304	Reasi	PS Basti	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
305	Reasi	PS Mari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
306	Reasi	PS Chak Mari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
307	Reasi	PS Gadad	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
308	Reasi	PS Neoura	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
309	Reasi	PS Gran Barotrian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
310	Reasi	PS Geeta Nagar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
311	Reasi	PS Goswan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
312	Reasi	PS Kayala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
313	Reasi	PS Suketar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
314	Reasi	PS Trinthia	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
315	Reasi	PS Kundronia	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
316	Reasi	PS Padra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
317	Reasi	PS Vijay Pur	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
318	Reasi	PS Parathal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
319	Reasi	PS Barati Sala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
320	Reasi	PS Nala Panji	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
321	Reasi	PS Chamyara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
322	Reasi	GPS Budkely	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
323	Reasi	GPS Devi Pendi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
324	Reasi	GPS Kunkanyala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
325	Reasi	PS Chak Bhagtha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
326	Reasi	PS Sar Phatian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
327	Reasi	PS Tareen	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
328	Reasi	PS Terori	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
329	Reasi	PS Kakryal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
330	Reasi	PS Suhal No. 1	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
331	Reasi	PS Suhal No. 2	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
332	Reasi	PS Sirah Colony	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
333	Reasi	PS Bhagtha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

334	Reasi	GPS Seerli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
335	Reasi	GPS Neley	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
336	Reasi	PS Bassan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
337	Reasi	PS Keri	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
338	Reasi	PS Dholian da lair	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
339	Reasi	PS Pardal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
340	Reasi	PS Chani	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
341	Reasi	PS Darbi Gobian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
342	Reasi	PS Damanoo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
343	Reasi	PS Dharangali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
344	Reasi	PS Gull	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
345	Reasi	PS Gurshala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
346	Reasi	PS Khalatar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
347	Reasi	PS Purdoo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
348	Reasi	PS Naya bad	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
349	Reasi	PS Raminidi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
350	Reasi	PS Pangath	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
351	Reasi	PS Rayalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
352	Reasi	PS Upper Panassa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
353	Reasi	PS Upper sirla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
354	Reasi	PS Chattian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
355	Reasi	PS Gunni	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
356	Reasi	PS Bantia	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
357	Pouni	GPS Marri	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
358	Pouni	PS Puria	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
359	Pouni	PS Daraman	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
360	Pouni	PS Bidra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
361	Pouni	GPS Gajore	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
362	Pouni	PS Rolekian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
363	Pouni	GPS Kailakh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
364	Pouni	PS Kala Sunarian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
365	Pouni	GPS Dab Khalsa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
366	Pouni	PS Bissi Kala Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
367	Pouni	PS Sujan Pur	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

368	Pouni	PS Ikhani	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
369	Pouni	PS Sangar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
370	Pouni	PS Fargal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
371	Pouni	PS Gai Sangar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
372	Pouni	PS Manjua	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
373	Pouni	PS Khori	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
374	Pouni	PS Gai	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
375	Pouni	GPS Dhall	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
376	Pouni	GPS Maghi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
377	Pouni	PS Bagote Khalsa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
378	Pouni	GPS Laiter	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
379	Pouni	PS Kolsar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
380	Pouni	PS Rehana Shahpur	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
381	Pouni	PS Patta	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
382	Pouni	PS Gunguss	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
383	Pouni	PS Jardi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
384	Pouni	PS Khanayari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
385	Pouni	PS Sali Khad	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
386	Pouni	PS Saroti	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
387	Pouni	PS Kalhar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
388	Pouni	PS Sudhani	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
389	Pouni	PS Kachi Khera	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
390	Pouni	GPS Sandoor	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
391	Pouni	PS Jadh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
392	Pouni	PS Theari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
393	Pouni	GPS Khera Lair	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
394	Pouni	MPS Bharakh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
395	Pouni	MPS Sunarian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
396	Pouni	MPS Talwara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
397	Pouni	PS Patta Mian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
398	Pouni	PS Sadhoti	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
399	Pouni	PS Karsal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
400	Pouni	MPS Beolian Nalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
401	Pouni	PS Saidenalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

402	Pouni	PS Bal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
403	Pouni	PS Beriliar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
404	Pouni	PS Chinarsangar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
405	Pouni	PS Doongi Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
406	Pouni	PS Darman Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
407	Pouni	PS Dukhada	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
408	Pouni	PS Ondra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
409	Pouni	PS Garan Jagir	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
410	Pouni	PS Gool	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
411	Pouni	PS Jambri	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
412	Pouni	PS Kalakote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
413	Pouni	PS Kalwara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
414	Pouni	PS Kantha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
415	Pouni	PS Lower Allaya	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
416	Pouni	PS Lower kotla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
417	Pouni	PS Manthal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
418	Pouni	PS Marritak	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
419	Pouni	PS Poura Jagir	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
420	Pouni	PS Sunarian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
421	Pouni	PS Mainal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
422	Pouni	PS Pandhal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
423	Chinkah	PS Thanpal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
424	Chinkah	MPS Lodhra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
425	Chinkah	PS Gundi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
426	Chinkah	PS Khadar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
427	Chinkah	PS Blangi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
428	Chinkah	PS Baryana	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
429	Chinkah	PS Chakalsalta	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
430	Chinkah	PS Pranka Jij	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
431	Chinkah	PS Dhaki Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
432	Chinkah	PS Sui	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
433	Chinkah	PS Pattian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
434	Chinkah	PS Nar Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
435	Chinkah	PS Pran Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

436	Chinkah	PS Sain Hill	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
437	Chinkah	PS Darseen Mohra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
438	Chinkah	PS Bandhar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
439	Chinkah	PS Botra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
440	Chinkah	PS Gai Raskeen	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
441	Chinkah	PS Beri Gala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
442	Chinkah	PS Gurrah	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
443	Chinkah	PS Heemana	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
444	Chinkah	PS Charak More	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
445	Chinkah	PS Aas	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
446	Chinkah	PS Chubi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
447	Chinkah	PS Jyotipuram	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
448	Chinkah	PS Susla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
449	Chinkah	PS Sarana Pura	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
450	Chinkah	PS Pounslis	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
451	Chinkah	PS Bladda	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
452	Chinkah	PS Nalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
453	Chinkah	PS Pattian Kabi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
454	Chinkah	PS Tirith	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
455	Chinkah	PS Barote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
456	Chinkah	PS Samakh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
457	Chinkah	PS Lower Samakh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
458	Chinkah	PS Nai Basti	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
459	Chinkah	PS Tamas	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
460	Chinkah	PS Harote Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
461	Chinkah	PS Sujan Dhar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
462	Chinkah	PS Kotlar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
463	Chinkah	MPS Panji Mal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
464	Chinkah	MPS Sai Lanjan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
465	Chinkah	PS Plapari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
466	Chinkah	PS Gai	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
467	Chinkah	PS Kanthal	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
468	Chinkah	PS Bollan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
469	Chinkah	PS Nomali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

470	Chinkah	PSBaralasu	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
471	Chinkah	PS Beota	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
472	Chinkah	PS Chountra	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
473	Chinkah	PS Dadagala	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
474	Chinkah	PS Delhyot	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
475	Chinkah	PS Devtamohalla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
476	Chinkah	PS Didar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
477	Chinkah	PS Dotra Thore	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
478	Chinkah	PS Gajoti	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
479	Chinkah	PS Galli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
480	Chinkah	PS Garoli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
481	Chinkah	PS Gollani	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
482	Chinkah	PS Gossal	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
483	Chinkah	PS Jellon	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
484	Chinkah	PS Kakra Galla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
485	Chinkah	PS Kalah kaddar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
486	Chinkah	PS Karcha Bogora	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
487	Chinkah	PS Khiladi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
488	Chinkah	PS Lapra	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
489	Chinkah	PS Lorcha	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
490	Chinkah	PS Lower kakra	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
491	Chinkah	PS Nagali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
492	Chinkah	PS Raskseen	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
493	Chinkah	PS Sangar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
494	Chinkah	PS Sangri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
495	Chinkah	PS Sarral	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
496	Chinkah	PS Sian	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
497	Chinkah	PS Tadder	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
498	Chinkah	PS Thalpatha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
499	Chinkah	PS Thunder	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
500	Chinkah	PS Upper Baldanoo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
501	Chinkah	PS Kote Panassa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
502	Chinkah	PS Samail	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
503	Chinkah	PS Larh Kumba	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

504	Chinkah	PS Lower Gabber	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
505	Chinkah	MPS Paran Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
506	Chassana	PS Mal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
507	Chassana	PS Seri	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
508	Chassana	PS Saral	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
509	Chassana	PS Nambli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
510	Chassana	PS Massal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
511	Chassana	PS Dabotal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
512	Chassana	PS Bagla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
513	Chassana	PS Khoure	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
514	Chassana	PS Makhi Dhar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
515	Chassana	PS Sarbag	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
516	Chassana	PS Hassote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
517	Chassana	PS Phalsoon	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
518	Chassana	PS Chithal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
519	Chassana	PS Neosi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
520	Chassana	PS Bagie	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
521	Chassana	PS Kalaban	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
522	Chassana	PS Chanal Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
523	Chassana	PS Sakralla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
524	Chassana	PS Suksar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
525	Chassana	PS Halla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
526	Chassana	GPS Barra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
527	Chassana	PS Nandoli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
528	Chassana	PS Bannia	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
529	Chassana	PS Bher Muragh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
530	Chassana	PS Chararh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
531	Chassana	PS Sangore	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
532	Chassana	PS Band	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
533	Chassana	PS Boura	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
534	Chassana	PS Dhar Kalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
535	Chassana	GPS Gota	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
536	Chassana	PS Sugga	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
537	Chassana	PS Pubba	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

538	Chassana	PS Chadyal Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
539	Chassana	PS Labber	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
540	Chassana	PS Upper Narh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
541	Chassana	PS Dharilala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
542	Chassana	PS Sherghari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
543	Chassana	PS Soni Dhar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
544	Chassana	GPS Sarphal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
545	Chassana	PS Nand Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
546	Chassana	PS Shiblass	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
547	Chassana	PS Chungra	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
548	Chassana	PS Brangla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
549	Chassana	PS Sisal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
550	Chassana	PS Jia	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
551	Chassana	PS Ganjoli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
552	Chassana	GPS Balmat Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
553	Chassana	PS Falas Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
554	Chassana	PS Khachi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
555	Chassana	PS Chaman	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
556	Chassana	PS Ramanbass	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
557	Chassana	PS Ukraban	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
558	Chassana	PS Lutt	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
559	Chassana	PS Shritund	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
560	Chassana	PS Chaie	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
561	Chassana	PS Dhari Dhar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
562	Chassana	PS Manipur	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
563	Chassana	PS Dhaka	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
564	Chassana	PS Lambi Kalch	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
565	Chassana	GPS Manji Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
566	Chassana	PS Badshal	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
567	Chassana	PS Ishkanja	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
568	Chassana	PS Baggan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
569	Chassana	PS Cheeni	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
570	Chassana	PS Bhallan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
571	Chassana	PS Kassi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

572	Chassana	PS Upper Bersora	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
573	Chassana	PS Sundi Bela	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
574	Chassana	PS Bانشالي	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
575	Chassana	PS Chai Kupri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
576	Chassana	PS Satmi Shali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
577	Chassana	PS Banthal	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
578	Chassana	PS Lower Kothri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
579	Chassana	PS Parie	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
580	Chassana	PS Upper Kalaban	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
581	Chassana	PS Muttas	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
582	Chassana	PS Uddari	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
583	Chassana	PS Kothari Bari	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
584	Chassana	PS Barala Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
585	Chassana	PS Gulla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
586	Chassana	PS Panchi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
587	Chassana	PS Panjairah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
588	Chassana	PS Chakli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
589	Chassana	PS Upper Khour	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
590	Chassana	PS Upper Sungri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
591	Chassana	PS Tajar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
592	Chassana	PS Chaper Pencil	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
593	Chassana	PS Paneeri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
594	Chassana	PS Kallah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
595	Chassana	PS Chhandi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
596	Chassana	PS Dullah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
597	Chassana	PS Jamlan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
598	Chassana	PS Pangla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
599	Chassana	PS Shumo Bagodass	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
600	Chassana	PS Upper Ganjoli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
601	Chassana	PS Ara Kana	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
602	Chassana	PS Bahgu Luth	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
603	Chassana	PS Gunja	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
604	Chassana	PS Lower Mandi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
605	Chassana	PS Chapper	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

606	Chassana	PS Koki	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
607	Chassana	PS Dashwati	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
608	Chassana	PS Upper Hamosan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
609	Chassana	PS Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
610	Chassana	PS Jallary	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
611	Chassana	PS Upper Kewali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
612	Chassana	PS Mulass	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
613	Chassana	PS Sugga	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
614	Chassana	PS Nahore	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
615	Chassana	PS Ummi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
616	Chassana	PS Lower Laber	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
617	Chassana	PS Ruddi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
618	Chassana	PS Berha	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
619	Chassana	PS Dallah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
620	Chassana	PS Bohri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
621	Chassana	PS Lapper	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
622	Chassana	PS Kala Kapar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
623	Chassana	PS Lahi Dhar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
624	Chassana	PS Sarha	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
625	Chassana	PS Shari	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
626	Chassana	PS Surma Danda Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
627	Chassana	PS Bagla Khappa	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
628	Chassana	PS Sheikh Pura(Chandyal Kote)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
629	Chassana	PS Mughal Mohalla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
630	Chassana	PS Bela	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
631	Chassana	PS Bel Kund	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
632	Chassana	PS Dhar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
633	Chassana	PS Harbagga	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
634	Chassana	PS Sikndrabad	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
635	Chassana	PS Kallah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
636	Chassana	PS Garjan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
637	Chassana	PS Mangias	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
638	Chassana	PS Shaheen Pur	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

639	Chassana	PS Sakri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
640	Chassana	PS Upper Nandoli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
641	Chassana	PS Kulli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
642	Chassana	PS Thraila	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
643	Chassana	PS B Sathri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
644	Chassana	PS Badher	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
645	Chassana	PS Baglain	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
646	Chassana	PS Bakhuti	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
647	Chassana	PS Chakli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
648	Chassana	PS Chakariwali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
649	Chassana	PS Channa Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
650	Chassana	PS ChunaBathi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
651	Chassana	PS Darpura	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
652	Chassana	PS Dahar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
653	Chassana	PS Dhera	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
654	Chassana	PS Dranga	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
655	Chassana	PS Flass	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
656	Chassana	PS Gamm	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
657	Chassana	PS Gansoli (Channa)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
658	Chassana	PS Gansoli (Chassote)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
659	Chassana	PS Ghorabar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
660	Chassana	PS Ranjla Bagla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
661	Chassana	PS Romarh	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
662	Chassana	PS Rorekana	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
663	Chassana	PS Sari Walli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
664	Chassana	PS Sather	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
665	Chassana	PS Sheikh Pura(Tuli)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
666	Chassana	PS Thanda Soo	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
667	Chassana	PS Tosha Maidan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
668	Chassana	PS Upper Kali Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
669	Chassana	PS Kataila	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
670	Chassana	PS Sahra	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
671	Chassana	PS Shivan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
672	Chassana	PS Gugagbagla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

673	Chassana	PS Haji Pura	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
674	Chassana	PS Heena	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
675	Chassana	PS Indroch	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
676	Chassana	PS Jander Bagla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
677	Chassana	PS Jandral	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
678	Chassana	PS Kanwan Bug	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
679	Chassana	PS Kathal	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
680	Chassana	PS Katyala	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
681	Chassana	PS Kote Chassana	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
682	Chassana	PS Kote Galli	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
683	Chassana	PS Krochi	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
684	Chassana	PS Malik Pura	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
685	Chassana	PS Masjidabad	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
686	Chassana	PS Shri Tund Shrinar	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
687	Chassana	PS Turamsal	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
688	Chassana	PS Upper Neasi	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
689	Chassana	PS Upper Singer Kote	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
690	Chassana	PS Landyal Bankalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
691	Chassana	PS Larwass	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
692	Chassana	PS Lower Hill	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
693	Chassana	PS Machie	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
694	Chassana	PS Mandi	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
695	Chassana	PS Marchan Galli	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
696	Chassana	PS Morha	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
697	Chassana	PS Najar Pura	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
698	Chassana	PS Navella	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
699	Chassana	PS Paloon	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
700	Chassana	PS Pharibass (Bher)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
701	Chassana	PS Bela Tangarh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
702	Chassana	PS Chattibatti	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
703	Chassana	PS Dhar Galli	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
704	Chassana	PS Dharbian	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
705	Chassana	PS Hill	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO

706	Chassana	PS Jebberah Naka	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
707	Chassana	PS Kalaban Hill	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
708	Chassana	PS Kassipar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
709	Chassana	PS Lambi Kere	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
710	Chassana	PS Lower Bhella	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
711	Chassana	PS Kote Galla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
712	Chassana	PS Mangu Sangarh	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
713	Mahore	MPS Kaindora	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
714	Mahore	PS Seela	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
715	Mahore	PS Seerni	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
716	Mahore	PS Souh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
717	Mahore	PS Donga	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
718	Mahore	PS Pagi Hala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
719	Mahore	PS Vandara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
720	Mahore	PS Doga (Dewal)	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
721	Mahore	PS Budhnar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
722	Mahore	PS Barni	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
723	Mahore	PS Dhacha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
724	Mahore	PS Painnarh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
725	Mahore	PS Lower Dada	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
726	Mahore	PS Mal Dada	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
727	Mahore	PS Lower Bakhteer	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
728	Mahore	PS Kanthi Gali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
729	Mahore	PS Mallan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
730	Mahore	PS Musara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
731	Mahore	PS Arangi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
732	Mahore	PS Dadni	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
733	Mahore	PS Gildore	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
734	Mahore	PS Hari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
735	Mahore	PS Marakana	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
736	Mahore	PS Upper Achherla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
737	Mahore	PS Unjalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
738	Mahore	PS Gujjar Behak	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
739	Mahore	PS Aldara	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

740	Mahore	PS Guranjullan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
741	Mahore	PS Ochha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
742	Mahore	PS Phagal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
743	Mahore	PS Banjala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
744	Mahore	PS Bathoi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
745	Mahore	PS Mokha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
746	Mahore	GPS Lower Dubri	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
747	Mahore	GPS Bagga	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
748	Mahore	GPS Shajroo	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
749	Mahore	GPS City Mahore	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
750	Mahore	GPS Bandhi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
751	Mahore	GPS Achherla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
752	Mahore	GPS Jamlan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
753	Mahore	GPS Narhbass	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
754	Mahore	GPS Neeram	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
755	Mahore	GPS Gundi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
756	Mahore	GPS Channi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
757	Mahore	GPS Kholi Lar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
758	Mahore	GPS Narian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
759	Mahore	GPS Dewal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
760	Mahore	GPS Rehlain	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
761	Mahore	MPS Narh Kalwa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
762	Mahore	MPS Karud	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
763	Mahore	MPS Kansoli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
764	Mahore	MPS Khore Mangnar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
765	Mahore	MPS Mahasal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
766	Mahore	PS Salii	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
767	Mahore	PS Upper Dubri	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
768	Mahore	PS Achdragh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
769	Mahore	PS Bachalla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
770	Mahore	PS Bandhi Pura	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
771	Mahore	PS Banjan Jamlan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
772	Mahore	PS Beribeikh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
773	Mahore	PS Chachanwang	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

774	Mahore	PS Chakly	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
775	Mahore	PS Dandihala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
776	Mahore	PS Dharabass	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
777	Mahore	PS Dogian	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
778	Mahore	PS Dogzal	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
779	Mahore	PS Dursala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
780	Mahore	PS Gagandar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
781	Mahore	PS Gamanwag	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
782	Mahore	PS Garh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
783	Mahore	PS Gora Gali	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
784	Mahore	PS Gorla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
785	Mahore	PS Harh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
786	Mahore	PS Hariwala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
787	Mahore	PS Hill Jamlan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
788	Mahore	PS Hill Jumiwala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
789	Mahore	PS Hill Kandora	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
790	Mahore	PS Hill Nar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
791	Mahore	PS Kalah HajamNagar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
792	Mahore	PS Karmi	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
793	Mahore	PS Kashli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
794	Mahore	PS Khizi Morha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
795	Mahore	PS Khori Wala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
796	Mahore	PS Kote	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
797	Mahore	PS Kote Malie	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
798	Mahore	PS Kote walli	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
799	Mahore	PS Kundaie	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
800	Mahore	PS Kundhala	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
801	Mahore	PS Lancha	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
802	Mahore	PS Badora Sarh	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
803	Mahore	PS Lower Dhaka	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
804	Mahore	PS Lower Kalwa	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
805	Mahore	PS LowerTuksan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
806	Mahore	PS Malik Pura	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
807	Mahore	PS Malina	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No

808	Mahore	PS Malwan	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
809	Mahore	PS Sheikh Pura	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
810	Mahore	PS Nagar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
811	Mahore	PS Narhi Mulas	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
812	Mahore	PS Paparmiti	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
813	Mahore	PS Phari (Mahore)	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
814	Mahore	PS Pherha (Dewal)	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
815	Mahore	PS Ramanwag	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
816	Mahore	PS Rung Bagla	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
817	Mahore	PS Shorafari	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
818	Mahore	PS Sonar	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
819	Mahore	PS Tara Seera	-----	2	1 kan	Yes	No
820	Mahore	PS Tungidar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
821	Mahore	PS Upper Angralah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
822	Mahore	PS Upper Halphran	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
823	Mahore	PS Upper Kalwa	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
824	Mahore	PS Upper Tuksan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
825	Mahore	PS Wani Mohalla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
826	Mahore	PS Lower Neeram	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
827	Mahore	PS Batangwali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
828	Mahore	PS Lohar Mohlah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
829	Mahore	PS Dani	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
830	Mahore	PS Sil Bagga	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
831	Mahore	PS Khou Bandi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
832	Mahore	PS Nari (Dewal)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
833	Mahore	PS Gali Tuksan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
834	Mahore	PS Lower Seela	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
835	Mahore	PS Katenilan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
836	Mahore	PS Dada Dandha	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
837	Mahore	PS Eid Gah Shajroo	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
838	Mahore	PS Saranandar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
839	Mahore	PS Lower Suli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
840	Mahore	PS Zayarat	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
841	Mahore	PS Tilkathi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

842	Mahore	PS Raglain (Ladh)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
843	Mahore	PS Alpeth	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
844	Mahore	PS Aslana Belli	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
845	Mahore	PS Ayan Morh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
846	Mahore	PS Bass Kansooli	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
847	Mahore	PS Bhak (Sarh)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
848	Mahore	PS Balkote	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
849	Mahore	PS Bun Gurranjalan	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
850	Mahore	PS Bhari	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
851	Mahore	PS Bhat mohalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
852	Mahore	PS Bhat Mohalla(Angrala)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
853	Mahore	PS Boran Bhagga	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
854	Mahore	PS Barshala	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
855	Mahore	PS Chopan Mohalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
856	Mahore	PS Choudry Narh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
857	Mahore	PS Fatan Kund	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
858	Mahore	PS Dobatta	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
859	Mahore	PS Gamander	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
860	Mahore	PS Gunjan	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
861	Mahore	PS Hari Lower	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
862	Mahore	PS Jagir Narh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
863	Mahore	PS Kangani	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
864	Mahore	PS Kanthi (Dewal)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
865	Mahore	PS Kilgadi	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
866	Mahore	PS Khander Dun	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
867	Mahore	PS Lamdora	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
868	Mahore	PS Lower Budhnarh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
869	Mahore	PS Lower Malan	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
870	Mahore	PS Lower Ocha	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
871	Mahore	PS Lower Phagihalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
872	Mahore	PS Mal Talab	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
873	Mahore	PS Malarh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
874	Mahore	PS Mansokh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO

875	Mahore	PS Mochanwag	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
876	Mahore	PS Mirchanwag	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
877	Mahore	PS Mokha Upper	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
878	Mahore	PS Naka Seela	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
879	Mahore	PS Namal	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
880	Mahore	PS Nar Jabri	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
881	Mahore	PS Narh wagan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
882	Mahore	PS Paran (Bathoie)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
883	Mahore	PS Phari Chachhi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
884	Mahore	PS Poon Nari	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
885	Mahore	PS Punda	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
886	Mahore	PS Shiekh Pura (Gulabgarh)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
887	Mahore	PS Sher langali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
888	Mahore	PS Solan Kund	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
889	Mahore	PS Suli (Sarh)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
890	Mahore	PS Sultan Pur	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
891	Mahore	PS Tana (Baransal)	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
892	Mahore	PS Upper Daka	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
893	Mahore	PS Upper Gildoor	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
894	Mahore	PS Lower Chakrass	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
895	Mahore	PS Pharan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
896	Mahore	PS Upper Unjala	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
897	Mahore	PS Wagan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
898	Mahore	PS Demmi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
899	Mahore	PS Chhamba	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
900	Mahore	PS Jamlan	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
901	Mahore	PS Dallu	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
902	Mahore	PS Galdoon	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
903	Mahore	PS Sadique Mohalla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
904	Mahore	PS Baki Wali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
905	Mahore	PS Lower Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
906	Mahore	PS Hazam Nagar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
907	Mahore	PS Kous Kund	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
908	Mahore	PS Sum wali	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

909	Mahore	PS Dharian	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
910	Mahore	MPS Purana Jander	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
911	Mahore	PS Narh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
912	Mahore	PS Rabi Wala	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
913	Mahore	PS Pasera Wali	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
914	Mahore	PS Dhaka (Hariwala)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
915	Mahore	PS Gacha Nari	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
916	Mahore	PS Poliwala	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
917	Mahore	PS Paree	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
918	Mahore	PS Kote Sildhar	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
919	Mahore	PS Dobri Wali	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
920	Mahore	PS Lalena (Chaklass)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
921	Mahore	PS Tulafarni	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
922	Mahore	PS Dhara Galli	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
923	Mahore	PS Moharee	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
924	Mahore	PS Lohar Mohalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
925	Mahore	PS Danna	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
926	Mahore	PS Kund	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
927	Mahore	PS Kote Katha	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
928	Mahore	PS Karam Katha	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
929	Mahore	PS Kanthly	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
930	Arnas	PS Badnoo	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
931	Arnas	PS Bagga (H)	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
932	Arnas	PS Badnari	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
933	Arnas	PS Bareli	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
934	Arnas	PS Bansi	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
935	Arnas	GPS Bassan	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
936	Arnas	PS Blosooma	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
937	Arnas	PS Bharian	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
938	Arnas	PS Charalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
939	Arnas	PS Chinthl	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
940	Arnas	GPS Dharnosi	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
941	Arnas	PS Dharote	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
942	Arnas	PS Dharian	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO

943	Arnas	GPS Dughander	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
944	Arnas	PS Dugmalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
945	Arnas	PS Fanti	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
946	Arnas	PS Ghar	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
947	Arnas	GPS Gumran	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
948	Arnas	PS Gundh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
949	Arnas	GPS Hunder	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
950	Arnas	PS Kharoge	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
951	Arnas	PS Kampla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
952	Arnas	PS Kaddianwala	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
953	Arnas	PS Kharib	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
954	Arnas	PS Kashtyala	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
955	Arnas	PS Killass	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
956	Arnas	PS Shanoge	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
957	Arnas	PS Kote Rumbra	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
958	Arnas	PS Lank	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
959	Arnas	PS Lower Daman	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
960	Arnas	PS Nowcher	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
961	Arnas	GPS Padder	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
962	Arnas	PS Pharal	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
963	Arnas	PS Phari	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
964	Arnas	PS Shole	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
965	Arnas	PS Simbla Nari	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
966	Arnas	MPS Sleh	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
967	Arnas	PS Sugcha	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
968	Arnas	GPS Thalla	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
969	Arnas	PS Tadoo	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
970	Arnas	PS Kunmari	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
971	Arnas	PS Lower Dugga	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
972	Arnas	PS Bakholi	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
973	Arnas	PS Chourthal	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
974	Arnas	PS Chundhar Kund	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
975	Arnas	PS Daman Narloo	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO
976	Arnas	PS Kote	-----	2	1 kan	NO	NO

977	Arnas	PS Kote Chail	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
978	Arnas	PS Koundi	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
979	Arnas	PS Sar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
980	Arnas	PS Souchel	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
981	Arnas	PS Surwah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
982	Arnas	PS Top Nakki	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
983	Arnas	PS Tuli Masta	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
984	Arnas	PS Dadder	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
985	Arnas	PS Gori Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
986	Arnas	PS Jamiah	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
987	Arnas	PS Jamari	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
988	Arnas	PS Kote Kharoge	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
989	Arnas	PS Lower Dhanour	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
990	Arnas	PS Lower Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
991	Arnas	PS Padhmulla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
992	Arnas	PS Rumbal Thalla	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
993	Arnas	PS Lelana	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
994	Arnas	PS Silli	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
995	Arnas	PS Lower Sarathal Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
996	Arnas	PS Daman	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
997	Arnas	PS Soni	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
998	Arnas	PS Jabrian	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
999	Arnas	PS Jambal	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1000	Arnas	PS Dharnail	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1001	Arnas	GPS Dhaman Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1002	Arnas	PS Dawana	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1003	Arnas	PS Jachade	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1004	Arnas	MPS Kanthi Bhallar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1005	Arnas	PS Kallar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1006	Arnas	PS Lardha	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1007	Arnas	PS Patti Khumba	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1008	Arnas	MPS Sarhad Ki Lehar	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1009	Arnas	PS Thali Kote	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1010	Arnas	PS Samoie	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

1011	Arnas	PS Sarthal Dakoo	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1012	Arnas	PS Kokar Katha	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1013	Arnas	PS Kangti	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1014	Arnas	PS Saloch	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1015	Arnas	PS Bagada	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1016	Arnas	PS Dumbala	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1017	Arnas	PS Chadoon	-----	2	1 kan	No	No
1018	Arnas	PS Dharmari	-----	2	1 kan	No	No

5. List of Animal Shelters

No.	Name and address of temporary animal shelter	In-charge
1.	Sungri	VAS Mahore (01999-222208)
2	Arnas	ALO Arnas(9419869253)
3	Pouni	ALO Pouni(9419265843)
4	Reasi	VAS Reasi(01991-245312)
5	Mahore	VAS Mahore

6. List of boats

S.No	Name of the owner/Department	Residence place	No. of boats	Contact No.
1.	Xen PWD(R&B) Reasi	Kanthan	5	--

7. List of Hotel and restaurants

S.No	Name of Hotel and restaurants	Location	No. of rooms for lodging	At a time boarding capacity	Phone No.
1.	Suraj Palace	Reasi	32	200	01991-244260
2.	Neelam Palace	Reasi	12	60	01991-244267
3.	Chenab Guest House	Reasi	15	70	
4.	Bali Palce	Reasi	8	40	
5	Kumar Guest House	Reasi	8	40	
6.	Green View	Reasi	12	55	
7.	Tridev Hotel	Ransoo	40	150	

Note: In **Katra town** sufficient hotels are available with adequate accommodation.
In **Tehsil Mahore**, there is no Hotels/Restaurant.

8. List of transportation vehicles

From Govt. side the Vehicles of Police Department are available & in case of Disaster Local/Private vehicles will be put on Job.

9. List of tent houses available and further requirement.

S.No	Name of proprietor	Location	Tents available	Other equipments available	Phone No.
1	Deepak Tent House	Reasi	100	--	01991-
2.	Vishal Tent House		50	--	
3.	Sharma Tent House	Reasi	50	--	94191-56465
4.	Sartaj Tent House	Arnas	20	--	94192-95414
5.	Bhardwaj Tent House	Pouni	20	--	--

Note:- Sheep Breeding Department having sufficient tents also.

10. List of voluntary organization

Numbers	Address
Nil	--

**List of Fire appliance/fire fighting equipments available with different Fire and
Emergency stations of District Reasi.**

S. No	Name of Fire Appliance/Fire fighting equipments	F&ES Reasi	F&ES Katra	F&ES Bhawan
A)	Fire Appliances			
1.	Jambo Water Tender	01 unit	02 unit	-
2.	Zeigler Fire Engine	-	01 unit	01 unit
3.	Tohatsu fire Engine	01 unit	-	01 unit
B)	Fire Fighting equipments			
1.	Delivery fire hose	09	20	14
2.	Suction hose	04	03	02
3.	Emergency Braches	02	06	01
4.	Dividing Breaching	01	02	01
5.	Collecting Breaching	01	02	01
6.	Stretcher	01	06	02
7	Suction wrench	01 P.	03	02 P
8	Breathing Apparatus set	01	01	01
9	Metal Strainer	01	02	01
10	Basket strainer	01	01	04
11	Suction adopter	01	02	02
12	Adopter female	01	02	02
13	Adopter male	01	02	02
14	Heavy Axe	01	01	01
15	Extension ladder	01	02	01
16	Hood Ladder	01	01	01
17	Shear Bolt outer	01	02	01
18	Foam compound	--	40 Ltrs	80 Ltrs
19	Foam branch	01	01	02
20.	Pick Axe	01	02	01
21	Shovels	01	04	01
22	Defuser branch	01	02	--
23	Revolving branch	01	02	--
24	Hand control branch	01	01	--
25	Spade	01	01	--
26	Ceiling hook	01	02	--
27	Ropes	01	02	--
28	Asbustus suit	--	01	--
29	Rubber Gloves	01	01	--
30	Hammer	01	02	01
31	Jack	01	02	--
32	Door Breaker	01	02	--

.....The End.